

Anti-Human IGF-I Antibody

Catalog # ABG10182

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, E
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

Additional Information

Preparation	Produced from sera of rabbits pre-immunized with highly pure (>98%) recombinant hIGF-I. Anti-Human IGF-I specific antibody was purified by affinity chromatography employing immobilized hIGF-I matrix.
WesternBlot	To detect hIGF-I by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1 - 0.2 μ g/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detection limit for recombinant hIGF-I is 1.5 - 3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducing conditions.
Sandwich	To detect hIGF-I by sandwich ELISA (using 100 μ l/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.5 - 2.0 μ g/ml of this antibody is required. This antigen affinity purified antibody, in conjunction with BioGems's Biotinylated Anti-Human IGF-I (60-186BT) as a detection antibody, allows the detection of at least 0.2 - 0.4 ng/well of recombinant hIGF-I.
Immunohistochemistry	This antibody stained formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections of human breast invasive ductal carcinoma. The recommended concentration is 0.25 μ g/ml with an overnight incubation at 4°C. An HRP-labeled polymer detection system was used with a DAB chromogen. Optimal results for these conditions were achieved without antigen retrieval. Optimal concentrations and conditions may vary.
Neutralization	To yield one-half maximal inhibition [ND_{50}] of the biological activity of hIGF-I (5.0 ng/ml), a concentration of 0.67 - 1.0 μ g/ml of this antibody is required.
Formulation	A sterile filtered antibody solution was lyophilized from PBS, pH 7.2.
Reconstitution	Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.
Storage	-20°C
Precautions	Anti-Human IGF-I Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.