

Anti-Human Visfatin Antibody

Catalog # ABG10584

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, E
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

Additional Information

Preparation	Produced from sera of rabbits immunized with highly pure recombinant Human Visfatin. Anti-Human Visfatin specific antibody was purified by affinity chromatography employing an immobilized Human Visfatin matrix.
WesternBlot	To detect Human Visfatin by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1 - 0.2 µg/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detection limit for recombinant Human Visfatin is 1.5 - 3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducing conditions.
Sandwich	To detect Human Visfatin by sandwich ELISA (using 100µl/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.5 - 2.0 µg/ml of this antibody is required. This antigen affinity purified antibody, in conjunction with BioGems's Biotinylated Anti-Human Visfatin (60-347BT) as a detection antibody, allows the detection of at least 0.2 - 0.4 ng/well of recombinant Human Visfatin.
Immunohistochemistry	This antibody stained formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections of human ovary malignant adenocarcinoma. The recommended concentration is 7.5ng/mL -15ng/mL with an overnight incubation at 4°C. An HRP-labeled polymer detection system was used with a DAB chromogen. Heat induced antigen retrieval with a pH 6.0 sodium citrate buffer is recommended. Optimal concentrations and conditions may vary. Tissue samples were provided by the Cooperative Human Tissue Network, which is funded by the National Cancer Institute.
Formulation	A sterile filtered antibody solution was lyophilized from PBS, pH 7.2.
Reconstitution	Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.
Storage	-20°C
Precautions	Anti-Human Visfatin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.