

Anti-IL22 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO10129

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9JIIY9
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for IL22 detection. Tested with WB, Direct ELISA in Mouse;Rat.

Reconstitution Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	50929
Other Names	Interleukin-22, IL-22, IL-10-related T-cell-derived-inducible factor, IL-TIF, IL-TIF alpha, Interleukin-22a, IL-22a, IL22, IL22a, Iltif, Iltifa
Calculated MW	20106
Application Details	Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml Direct ELISA, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml
Subcellular Localization	Secreted.
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Each vial contains 4mg Trehalose, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05mg NaN ₃ .
Immunogen	E. coli-derived mouse IL22 recombinant protein (Position: L34-V179).
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins.
Storage	At -20° C; for one year. After r° Constitution, at 4° C; for one month. It° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20° C; for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Protein Information

Name	IL22
Synonyms	IL22a, Iltif, Iltifa

Function	Cytokine that plays a critical role in modulating tissue responses during inflammation (PubMed: 33852830 , PubMed: 35525330). Plays an essential role in the regeneration of epithelial cells to maintain barrier function after injury and for the prevention of further tissue damage (PubMed: 33912578). Unlike most of the cytokines, has no effect on immune cells. Signals through a heterodimeric receptor composed of two subunits, the specific receptor IL22RA1 which is present on non- immune cells in many organs and the shared subunit IL10RB. Ligation of IL22RA1 with IL22 induces activation of the tyrosine kinases JAK1 and TYK2, which in turn activates STAT3. In turn, promotes cell survival and proliferation through STAT3, ERK1/2 and PI3K/AKT pathways. Promotes phosphorylation of GSK3B at 'Ser-9' and CTTN (PubMed: 24742671). Promotes epithelial cell spreading (PubMed: 24742671).
Cellular Location	Secreted.

Background

Interleukin-22 (IL-22), also known as IL-22, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the IL22 gene. IL-22 is a member of a group of cytokines called the IL-10 family or IL-10 superfamily, a class of potent mediators of cellular inflammatory responses. Using FISH, the IL22 gene is mapped to chromosome 12q15, close to the IFNG and the herpesvirus saimiri-induced AK155 genes. IL-22 can contribute to immune disease through the stimulation of inflammatory responses, S100s and defensins. It also promotes hepatocyte survival in the liver and epithelial cells in the lung and gut similar to IL-10. In some contexts, the pro-inflammatory versus tissue-protective functions of IL-22 are regulated by the often co-expressed cytokine IL-17A.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.