

Anti-CORD2 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO10236

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O43186
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Cone-rod homeobox protein(CRX) detection. Tested with WB in Human.

Reconstitution Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	1406
Other Names	Cone-rod homeobox protein, CRX, CORD2
Calculated MW	32261
Application Details	Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human
Subcellular Localization	Nucleus .
Tissue Specificity	Retina.
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Cone-rod homeobox protein
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human CORD2 (265-299aa DSLEFKDPTGTWKFTYNPMDPLDYKDQSAWKQIL), identical to the related mouse and rat sequences.
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins.
Storage	At -20° C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4° C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20° C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Protein Information

Name	CRX
Synonyms	CORD2
Function	Transcription factor that binds and transactivates the sequence 5'-TAATC[CA]-3' which is found upstream of several photoreceptor-specific genes, including the opsin genes. Acts synergistically with other transcription factors, such as NRL, RORB and RAX, to regulate photoreceptor cell-specific gene transcription. Essential for the maintenance of mammalian photoreceptors.
Cellular Location	Nucleus {ECO:0000255 PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00108}.
Tissue Location	Retina.

Background

Cone-rod homeobox protein is a protein that in humans is encoded by the CRX gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a photoreceptor-specific transcription factor which plays a role in the differentiation of photoreceptor cells. This homeodomain protein is necessary for the maintenance of normal cone and rod function. Mutations in this gene are associated with photoreceptor degeneration, Leber congenital amaurosis type III and the autosomal dominant cone-rod dystrophy 2. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described, but the full-length nature of some variants has not been determined.

Images

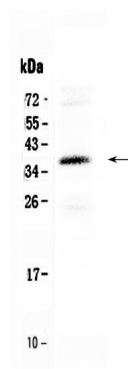


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of CORD2 using anti-CORD2 antibody (ABO10236). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions. Lane 1: HEPG2 whole cell lysates. After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-CORD2 antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10236) at 0.5 µg/mL overnight at 4 °C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for CORD2 at approximately 37KD. The expected band size for CORD2 is at 32KD.

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