

Anti-GAD65 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO10278

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q05329
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Glutamate decarboxylase 2(GAD2) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human;Mouse;Rat.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	2572
Other Names	Glutamate decarboxylase 2, 4.1.1.15, 65 kDa glutamic acid decarboxylase, GAD-65, Glutamate decarboxylase 65 kDa isoform, GAD2, GAD65
Calculated MW	65411
Application Details	Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Mouse, Rat, Human
Subcellular Localization	Cytoplasm, cytosol . Cytoplasmic vesicle . Cell junction, synapse, presynaptic cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor . Golgi apparatus membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Associated to cytoplasmic vesicles. In neurons, cytosolic leaflet of Golgi membranes and presynaptic clusters.
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Glutamate decarboxylase 2
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05mg Na ₃ N.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human GAD65 (131-164aa KVIDFHYPNELLQEYNWELADQPQNLEEILMHCQ), different from the related mouse and rat sequences by one amino acid.
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage	At -20 °C for one year. After r ° Constitution, at 4 °C for one month. It ° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 °C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
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Protein Information

Name	GAD2 (HGNC:4093)
Synonyms	GAD65
Function	Catalyzes the production of GABA.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasmic vesicle. Presynaptic cell membrane; Lipid-anchor. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Associated to cytoplasmic vesicles In neurons, cytosolic leaflet of Golgi membranes and presynaptic clusters

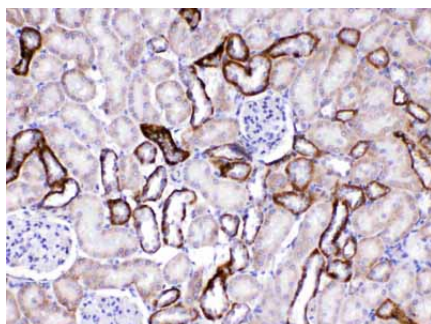
Background

Glutamate decarboxylase 2, also known as GAD65, is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the GAD2 gene. This gene encodes one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes. The enzyme encoded is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantibody and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This gene may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein.

Images

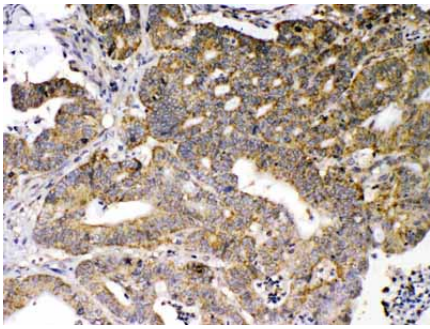


Western blot analysis of GAD65 expression in rat brain extract (lane 1) and mouse brain extract (lane 2). GAD65 at 65KD was detected using rabbit anti- GAD65 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog #ABO10278) at 0.5 µg/mL. The blot was developed using chemiluminescence (ECL) method .

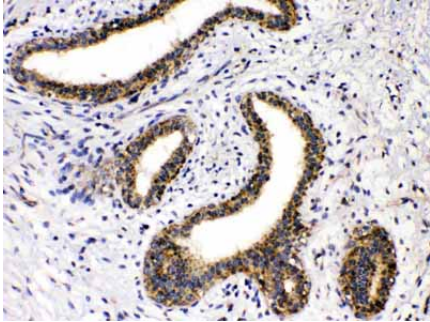


GAD65 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of rat kidney tissues using rabbit anti- GAD65 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog #) at 1 µg/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

GAD65 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of human intestinal cancer tissues using rabbit anti- GAD65 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog #) at 1 µg/mL. The immunohistochemical section was



developed using SABC method .



GAD65 was detected in paraffin-embedded sections of human mammary cancer tissues using rabbit anti- GAD65 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog #) at 1 μ g/mL. The immunohistochemical section was developed using SABC method .

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.