

Anti-Lamin B2 Antibody

Catalog # ABO10950

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F
Primary Accession	Q03252
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Lamin-B2(LMNB2) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, IHC-F in Human;Mouse;Rat.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	84823
Other Names	Lamin-B2, LMNB2, LMN2
Calculated MW	69948
Application Details	Immunohistochemistry(Frozen Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Rat, Human, Mouse Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, Rat, Mouse, By Heat Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat
Subcellular Localization	Nucleus inner membrane; Lipid-anchor; Nucleoplasmic side.
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Lamin-B2
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN ₃ .
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human Lamin B2(580-597aa EEDLFHQQGDPRRTSRGC), identical to the related rat and mouse sequences.
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins
Storage	At -20° C for one year. After r° Constitution, at 4° C for one month. It° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20° C for a longer time.Avoid repeated

Sequence Similarities

freezing and thawing.
Belongs to the intermediate filament family.

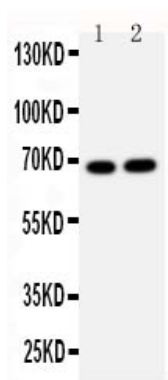
Protein Information

Name	LMNB2
Synonyms	LMN2
Function	Lamins are intermediate filament proteins that assemble into a filamentous meshwork, and which constitute the major components of the nuclear lamina, a fibrous layer on the nucleoplasmic side of the inner nuclear membrane (PubMed: 33033404). Lamins provide a framework for the nuclear envelope, bridging the nuclear envelope and chromatin, thereby playing an important role in nuclear assembly, chromatin organization, nuclear membrane and telomere dynamics (PubMed: 33033404). The structural integrity of the lamina is strictly controlled by the cell cycle, as seen by the disintegration and formation of the nuclear envelope in prophase and telophase, respectively (PubMed: 33033404).
Cellular Location	Nucleus lamina.

Background

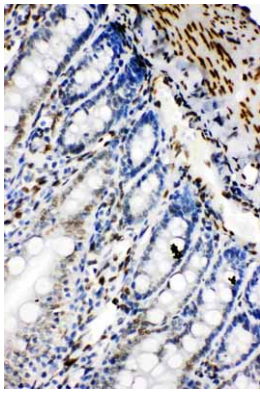
Lamin B2, also called LMNB2, is a protein associated with laminopathies. The LMNB2 gene is mapped to the G-negative subtelomeric band p13.3 of chromosome 19 by in situ hybridization. The LMNB2 gene contains 12 exons. Model organisms have been used in the study of Lamin B2 function. A conditional knockout mouse line, called *Lmnb2*, is generated as part of the International Knockout Mouse Consortium program-a high-throughput mutagenesis project to generate and distribute animal models of disease to interested scientists. A highly sensitive procedure about mapping the start site of DNA replication in a 13.7-kb region of human chromosome 19 coding for lamin B2 is developed for the identification of the origin of bidirectional DNA synthesis in single-copy replicons of mammalian cells.

Images



Anti-Lamin B2 antibody, ABO10950, Western blotting
Lane 1: HELA Cell Lysate Lane 2: U87 Cell Lysate

Anti-Lamin B2 antibody, ABO10950, IHC(P)
IHC(P): Rat Intestine Tissue



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