

Anti-ABCB6 Antibody

Catalog # ABO11033

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, ICC
Primary Accession	Q9NP58
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 6, mitochondrial(ABCB6) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, ICC in Human.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	10058
Other Names	ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 6, mitochondrial, Mitochondrial ABC transporter 3, Mt-ABC transporter 3, P-glycoprotein-related protein, Ubiquitously-expressed mammalian ABC half transporter, ABCB6, MTABC3, PRP, UMAT
Calculated MW	93886
Application Details	Immunocytochemistry , 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, - Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, By Heat Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μ g/ml, Human
Subcellular Localization	Cell membrane. Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum. Golgi apparatus. Endosome . localized to the endosome- like compartement and dendrite tips.
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed. High expression is detected in the retinal epithelium. .
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 6, mitochondrial
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg Na ₃ N.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human ABCB6(818-842aa YADMWQLQQGQEETSEDTKPQTMER).

Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins
Storage	At -20° C for one year. After r° Constitution, at 4° C for one month. It° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20° C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the ABC transporter superfamily. ABCB family. Heavy Metal importer (TC 3.A.1.210) subfamily.

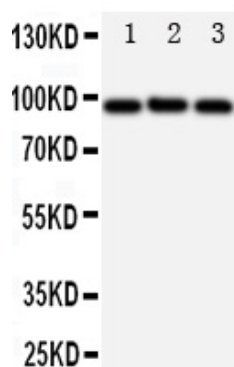
Protein Information

Name	ABCB6 (HGNC:47)
Function	ATP-dependent transporter that catalyzes the transport of a broad-spectrum of porphyrins from the cytoplasm to the extracellular space through the plasma membrane or into the vesicle lumen (PubMed: 17661442 , PubMed: 23792964 , PubMed: 27507172 , PubMed: 33007128). May also function as an ATP-dependent importer of porphyrins from the cytoplasm into the mitochondria, in turn may participate in the de novo heme biosynthesis regulation and in the coordination of heme and iron homeostasis during phenylhydrazine stress (PubMed: 10837493 , PubMed: 17006453 , PubMed: 23792964 , PubMed: 33007128). May also play a key role in the early steps of melanogenesis producing PMEL amyloid fibrils (PubMed: 29940187). In vitro, it confers to cells a resistance to toxic metal such as arsenic and cadmium and against chemotherapeutics agent such as 5-fluorouracil, SN-38 and vincristin (PubMed: 21266531 , PubMed: 25202056 , PubMed: 31053883). In addition may play a role in the transition metal homeostasis (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Lysosome membrane. Late endosome membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:O70595}. Early endosome membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:O70595}. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Mitochondrion. Endosome, multivesicular body membrane. Melanosome membrane. Note=Present in the membrane of mature erythrocytes and in exosomes released from reticulocytes during the final steps of erythroid maturation (PubMed:22655043). Traffics from endoplasmic reticulum to Golgi during its glycans's maturation, therefrom is first targeted to the plasma membrane, and is rapidly internalized through endocytosis to be distributed to the limiting membrane of multivesicular bodies and lysosomes (PubMed:18279659, PubMed:21199866, PubMed:25627919). Localized on the limiting membrane of early melanosomes of pigment cells (PubMed:29940187). Targeted to the endolysosomal compartment (By similarity) {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:O70595, ECO:0000269 PubMed:18279659, ECO:0000269 PubMed:21199866, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22655043, ECO:0000269 PubMed:25627919, ECO:0000269 PubMed:29940187}
Tissue Location	Widely expressed. High expression is detected in the retinal epithelium (PubMed:10837493, PubMed:22226084). Expressed in mature erythrocytes (PubMed:22655043).

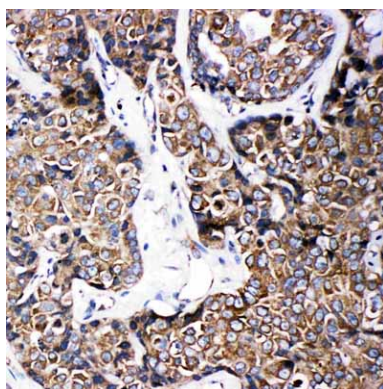
Background

ABCB6, ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 6, mitochondrial is a protein that in humans is encoded by the ABCB6 gene. The membrane-associated protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette(ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies(ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MDR/TAP subfamily. Members of the MDR/TAP subfamily are involved in multidrug resistance as well as antigen presentation. This half-transporter likely plays a role in mitochondrial function. Localized to 2q26, this gene is considered a candidate gene for lethal neonatal metabolic syndrome, a disorder of mitochondrial function.

Images



Anti-ABCB6 antibody, ABO11033, Western blotting
All lanes: Anti ABCB6 (ABO11033) at 0.5ug/ml
Lane 1: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 2: MCF-7 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 3: A549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Predicted bind size: 94KD
Observed bind size: 94KD



Anti-ABCB6 antibody, ABO11033, IHC(P)
IHC(P): Human Mammary Cancer Tissue

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.