

Anti-VDAC/Porin Antibody

Catalog # ABO11086

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, ICC
Primary Accession	P21796
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 1(VDAC1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, ICC in Human;Mouse;Rat.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	7416
Other Names	Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 1, VDAC-1, hVDAC1, Outer mitochondrial membrane protein porin 1, Plasmalemmal porin, Porin 31HL, Porin 31HM, VDAC1, VDAC
Calculated MW	30773
Application Details	Immunocytochemistry , 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat Immunohistochemistry(Frozen Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Rat, Human, Mouse Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat
Subcellular Localization	Mitochondrion outer membrane . Cell membrane .
Tissue Specificity	Heart, liver and skeletal muscle.
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 1(VDAC-1/hVDAC1)
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN ₃ .
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human VDAC(163-178aa RVTQSNFAVGKTDDEF), identical to the related rat and mouse sequences.

Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins
Storage	At -20 °C for one year. After r ° Constitution, at 4 °C for one month. It ° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 °C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the eukaryotic mitochondrial porin family.

Protein Information

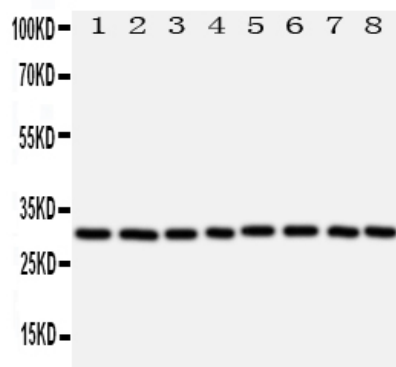
Name	VDAC1 (HGNC:12669)
Synonyms	VDAC
Function	Non-selective voltage-gated ion channel that mediates the transport of anions and cations through the mitochondrion outer membrane and plasma membrane (PubMed:10661876, PubMed:11845315, PubMed:18755977, PubMed:30061676, PubMed:8420959). The channel at the outer mitochondrial membrane allows diffusion of small hydrophilic molecules; in the plasma membrane it is involved in cell volume regulation and apoptosis (PubMed:10661876, PubMed:11845315, PubMed:18755977, PubMed:8420959). It adopts an open conformation at low or zero membrane potential and a closed conformation at potentials above 30-40 mV (PubMed:10661876, PubMed:18755977, PubMed:8420959). The open state has a weak anion selectivity whereas the closed state is cation-selective (PubMed:18755977, PubMed:8420959). Binds various signaling molecules, including the sphingolipid ceramide, the phospholipid phosphatidylcholine, and the sterols cholesterol and oxysterol (PubMed:18755977, PubMed:31015432). In depolarized mitochondria, acts downstream of PRKN and PINK1 to promote mitophagy or prevent apoptosis; polyubiquitination by PRKN promotes mitophagy, while monoubiquitination by PRKN decreases mitochondrial calcium influx which ultimately inhibits apoptosis (PubMed:32047033). May participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC) responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis (PubMed:15033708, PubMed:25296756). May mediate ATP export from cells (PubMed:30061676). Part of a complex composed of HSPA9, ITPR1 and VDAC1 that regulates mitochondrial calcium-dependent apoptosis by facilitating calcium transport from the ER lumen to the mitochondria intermembrane space thus providing calcium for the downstream calcium channel MCU that directly releases it into mitochondria matrix (By similarity). Mediates cytochrome c efflux (PubMed:20230784).
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane raft; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Found in a complex with HSPA9 and VDAC1 at the endoplasmic reticulum- mitochondria contact sites. {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9Z2L0}
Tissue Location	Expressed in erythrocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:27641616). Expressed in heart, liver and skeletal muscle (PubMed:8420959).

Background

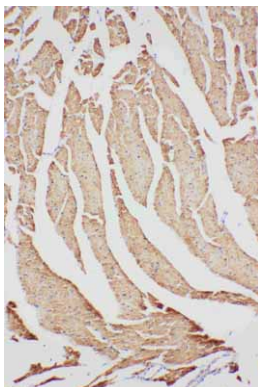
The voltage-dependent anion channel(VDAC) of the outer mitochondrial membrane is a small, abundant outer membrane pore-forming protein found in the outer membranes of all eukaryotic mitochondria. The

VDAC protein is thought to form the major pathway for movement of adenine nucleotides through the outer membrane and to be the mitochondrial binding site for hexokinase and glycerol kinase. At low transmembrane voltage, VDAC is open for anions such as phosphate, chloride, and adenine nucleotides. At higher transmembrane voltage, VDAC functions as a selective channel for cations and uncharged molecules. These features make VDAC likely to play a role in mitochondrial energy metabolism. Huizing et al. studied by Northern and Western blot analyses the human tissue distribution of mitochondrial transmembrane metabolite carriers. They found that VDAC1 mRNA has a ubiquitous distribution, with most pronounced expression in heart, liver, and skeletal muscle, whereas the VDAC2 isoform appears to be expressed only in the heart.

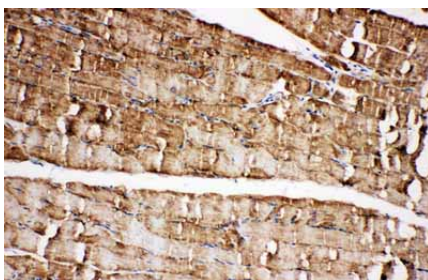
Images



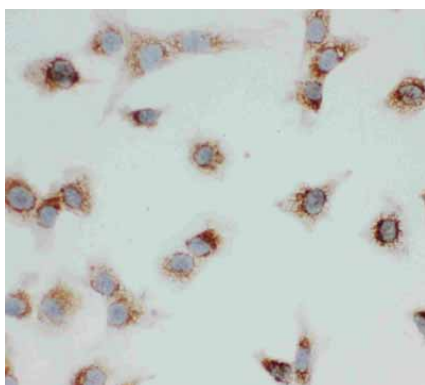
Anti-VDAC/Porin antibody, ABO11086, Western blotting
All lanes: Anti VDAC/Porin (ABO11086) at 0.5ug/ml
Lane 1: Rat Skeletal Muscle Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 2: Rat Heart Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 3: Rat Liver Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 4: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 5: A431 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 6: A549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 7: SMMC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 8: HT1080 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Predicted bind size: 31KD
Observed bind size: 31KD



Anti-VDAC/Porin antibody, ABO11086, IHC(P)
IHC(P): Rat Cardiac Muscle Tissue



Anti-VDAC/Porin antibody, ABO11086, IHC(P)
IHC(P): Rat Skeletal Muscle Tissue



Anti-VDAC/Porin antibody, ABO11086, ICC
ICC: NIH3T3 Cell

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