

Anti-VEGFR1/FLT1 Antibody

Catalog # ABO11274

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P35969
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 1(FLT1) detection. Tested with WB in Mouse.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	14254
Other Names	Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 1, VEGFR-1, 2.7.10.1, Embryonic receptor kinase 2, Fms-like tyrosine kinase 1, FLT-1, Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor FLT, Flt1, Emrk2, Flt, Vegfr1
Calculated MW	149846
Application Details	Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Mouse
Subcellular Localization	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome . Autophosphorylation promotes ubiquitination and endocytosis. .
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 1
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of mouse FLT1 (279-299aa IRQRIDRSHSHNNVFHSVLKI).
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins
Storage	At -20° C for one year. After r° Constitution, at 4° C for one month. It° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20° C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. CSF-1/PDGF receptor subfamily.

Protein Information

Name Flt1

Synonyms Emrk2, Flt, Vegfr1

Function Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for VEGFA, VEGFB and PGF, and plays an essential role in the development of embryonic vasculature, the regulation of angiogenesis, cell survival, cell migration, macrophage function, chemotaxis, and cancer cell invasion. Acts as a positive regulator of postnatal retinal hyaloid vessel regression (PubMed:[30936473](#)). May play an essential role as a negative regulator of embryonic angiogenesis by inhibiting excessive proliferation of endothelial cells. Can promote endothelial cell proliferation, survival and angiogenesis in adulthood. Its function in promoting cell proliferation seems to be cell-type specific. Promotes PGF-mediated proliferation of endothelial cells, and proliferation of some types of cancer cells, but does not promote proliferation of normal fibroblasts. Has very high affinity for VEGFA and relatively low protein kinase activity; may function as a negative regulator of VEGFA signaling by limiting the amount of free VEGFA and preventing its binding to KDR. Modulates KDR signaling by forming heterodimers with KDR. Ligand binding leads to the activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate and the activation of protein kinase C. Mediates phosphorylation of PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, leading to the activation of phosphatidylinositol kinase and the downstream signaling pathway. Mediates activation of MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase signaling pathway, as well as of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Phosphorylates SRC, YES1 and PLCG, and may also phosphorylate CBL. Promotes phosphorylation of AKT1 and PTK2/FAK1 (By similarity).

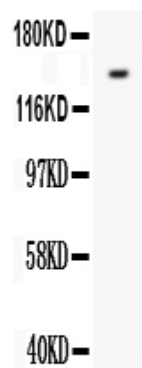
Cellular Location Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome.
Note=Autophosphorylation promotes ubiquitination and endocytosis.

Background

Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 1(FLT1) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the FLT1 gene. Oncogene FLT belongs to the src gene family. It is mapped to 13q12. The deduced 1,338-amino acid protein has a calculated molecular mass of 150.6 kD. It has a 758-amino acid extracellular domain, followed by a 22-amino acid transmembrane region and a 558-amino acid cytoplasmic region containing a cluster of basic amino acids and a tyrosine kinase domain. sFLT-1 was identified in placenta, adult lung, kidney, liver and uterus. Like other members of this family, it shows tyrosine protein kinase activity that is important for the control of cell proliferation and differentiation.

Images

Anti- FLT1 antibody, ABO11274, Western blottingAll lanes:
Anti VEGF Receptor 1 (ABO11274) at 0.5ug/mlWB: HEPA
Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size:
150KDObserved bind size: 150KD



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