

Anti-HDAC5 Antibody

Catalog # ABO11489

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9UQL6
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Histone deacetylase 5(HDAC5) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse;Rat.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	10014
Other Names	Histone deacetylase 5, HD5, 3.5.1.98, Antigen NY-CO-9, HDAC5, KIAA0600
Calculated MW	121978
Application Details	Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat
Subcellular Localization	Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. In muscle cells, it shuttles into the cytoplasm during myocyte differentiation. The export to cytoplasm depends on the interaction with a 14-3-3 chaperone protein and is due to its phosphorylation at Ser-259 and Ser-498 by AMPK, CaMK1 and SIK1.
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous.
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Histone deacetylase 5
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg Na ₃ .
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human HDAC5(626-644aa YKKLFSDAQPLQLQVYQA), different from the related rat and mouse sequences by two amino acids.
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage	At -20 °C for one year. After r ° Constitution, at 4 °C for one month. It ° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 °C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the histone deacetylase family. HD type 2 subfamily.

Protein Information

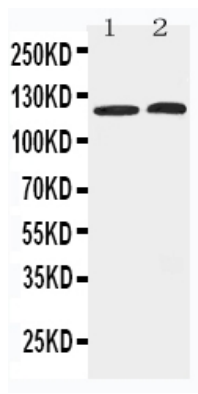
Name	HDAC5
Function	In vitro, it deacetylates lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4) (PubMed: 10220385). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Involved in muscle maturation by repressing transcription of myocyte enhancer MEF2C. During muscle differentiation, it shuttles into the cytoplasm, allowing the expression of myocyte enhancer factors. Involved in the MTA1-mediated epigenetic regulation of ESR1 expression in breast cancer. Serves as a corepressor of RARA and causes its deacetylation (PubMed: 28167758). In association with RARA, plays a role in the repression of microRNA-10a and thereby in the inflammatory response (PubMed: 28167758).
Cellular Location	Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. In muscle cells, it shuttles into the cytoplasm during myocyte differentiation. The export to cytoplasm depends on the interaction with a 14-3-3 chaperone protein and is due to its phosphorylation at Ser-259 and Ser-498 by AMPK, CaMK1 and SIK1
Tissue Location	Widely expressed. Expressed in the heart, brain, kidney, pancreas, liver, skeletal muscle, placenta (PubMed:10220385)

Background

Histone deacetylase 5, also called HDAC5 or KIAA0600, is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the HDAC5 gene. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the class II histone deacetylase/acuc/apha family. This gene is mapped to 17q21.31. Histones play a critical role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression, and developmental events. Histone acetylation/deacetylation alters chromosome structure and affects transcription factor access to DNA. It possesses histone deacetylase activity and represses transcription when tethered to a promoter. It coimmunoprecipitates only with HDAC3 family member and might form multicomplex proteins. It also interacts with myocyte enhancer factor-2(MEF2) proteins, resulting in repression of MEF2-dependent genes. This gene is though to be associated with colon cancer.

Images

Anti-HDAC5 antibody, ABO11489, Western blotting
Lane 1: HELA Cell Lysate
Lane 2: COLO320 Cell Lysate



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