

Anti-FGF21 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO11681

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9NSA1
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Fibroblast growth factor 21(FGF21) detection. Tested with WB, ELISA in Human.

Reconstitution Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	26291
Other Names	Fibroblast growth factor 21, FGF-21, FGF21
Calculated MW	22300
Application Details	ELISA , 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, - Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human
Subcellular Localization	Secreted .
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Fibroblast growth factor 21
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.
Immunogen	E. coli-derived human FGF21 recombinant protein (Position: H29-S209). Human FGF21 shares 80.7% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse FGF21.
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Cross Reactivity	No cross reactivity with other proteins.
Storage	At -20 °C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4 °C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 °C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Protein Information

Name	FGF21
Function	Stimulates glucose uptake in differentiated adipocytes via the induction of glucose transporter SLC2A1/GLUT1 expression (but not SLC2A4/GLUT4 expression). Activity requires the presence of KLB. Regulates systemic glucose homeostasis and insulin sensitivity.
Cellular Location	Secreted {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9JJN1}.

Background

FGF21 (Fibroblast growth factor 21) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the FGF21 gene, which is also a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family. The FGF21 gene is mapped on 19q13.33. Using RT-PCR, Fgf21 was expressed in several types of adipose tissue in mice, including subcutaneous and epididymal fat pads and brown adipose tissue. The level of Fgf21 expression in adipose tissue was comparable to that in liver. FGF21 stimulates glucose uptake in adipocytes but not in other cell types. This effect is additive to the activity of insulin. FGF21 treatment of adipocytes is associated with phosphorylation of FRS2, a protein linking FGF receptors to the Ras/MAP kinase pathway. FGF21 also protects animals from diet-induced obesity when overexpressed in transgenic mice and lowers blood glucose and triglyceride levels when administered to diabetic rodents. Changes in Fgf21 expression due to suckling or nutritional manipulations were associated with changes in circulating free fatty acid and ketone body levels. In differentiated mouse brown adipocytes in culture, Fgf21 treatment increased the expression of thermogenic genes, caused higher total and uncoupled respiration, and enhanced glucose oxidation.

Images



Western blot analysis of FGF21 expression in human placenta extract (lane 1). FGF21 at 22KD was detected using rabbit anti-FGF21 Antigen Affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO11681) at 0.5 µg/mL. The blot was developed using chemiluminescence (ECL) method .

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.