

Anti-STAT3 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO12199

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P40763
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 (STAT3) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse;Rat.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	6774
Other Names	Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 {ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:11364}, Acute-phase response factor, STAT3 (HGNC:11364)
Calculated MW	88068
Application Details	Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat
Subcellular Localization	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Translocated into the nucleus upon tyrosine phosphorylation and dimerization, in response to signaling by activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 or FGFR4. Constitutive nuclear presence is independent of tyrosine phosphorylation. Predominantly present in the cytoplasm without stimuli. Upon leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) stimulation, accumulates in the nucleus. The complex composed of BART and ARL2 plays an important role in the nuclear translocation and retention of STAT3. Identified in a complex with LYN and PAG1.
Tissue Specificity	Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas.
Source	Eukaryota
Protein Name	Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3
Contents	Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human STAT3 (139-167aa EKQQMLEQHLQDVRKRVQDLEQMKVVEN), identical to the

related mouse and rat sequences.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20 °C for one year. After r ° Constitution, at 4 °C for one month. It ° Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 °C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities

Belongs to the transcription factor STAT family.

Protein Information

Name

STAT3 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:9630560, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:11364}

Function

Signal transducer and transcription activator that mediates cellular responses to interleukins, KITLG/SCF, LEP and other growth factors (PubMed:[10688651](#), PubMed:[11294841](#), PubMed:[12359225](#), PubMed:[12873986](#), PubMed:[15194700](#), PubMed:[15653507](#), PubMed:[16285960](#), PubMed:[17344214](#), PubMed:[18242580](#), PubMed:[18782771](#), PubMed:[22306293](#), PubMed:[23084476](#), PubMed:[28262505](#), PubMed:[32929201](#), PubMed:[38404237](#)). Once activated, recruits coactivators, such as NCOA1 or MED1, to the promoter region of the target gene (PubMed:[15653507](#), PubMed:[16285960](#), PubMed:[17344214](#), PubMed:[18782771](#), PubMed:[28262505](#), PubMed:[32929201](#)). May mediate cellular responses to activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed:[12873986](#)). Upon activation of IL6ST/gp130 signaling by interleukin-6 (IL6), binds to the IL6-responsive elements identified in the promoters of various acute-phase protein genes (PubMed:[12359225](#)). Activated by IL31 through IL31RA (PubMed:[15194700](#)). Acts as a regulator of inflammatory response by regulating differentiation of naive CD4(+) T-cells into T-helper Th17 or regulatory T-cells (Treg): acetylation promotes its transcription activity and cell differentiation while deacetylation and oxidation of lysine residues by LOXL3 inhibits differentiation (PubMed:[28065600](#), PubMed:[28262505](#)). Involved in cell cycle regulation by inducing the expression of key genes for the progression from G1 to S phase, such as CCND1 (PubMed:[17344214](#)). Mediates the effects of LEP on melanocortin production, body energy homeostasis and lactation (By similarity). May play an apoptotic role by transactivating BIRC5 expression under LEP activation (PubMed:[18242580](#)). Cytoplasmic STAT3 represses macroautophagy by inhibiting EIF2AK2/PKR activity (PubMed:[23084476](#)). Plays a crucial role in basal beta cell functions, such as regulation of insulin secretion (By similarity). Following JAK/STAT signaling activation and as part of a complex with NFATC3 and NFATC4, binds to the alpha-beta E4 promoter region of CRYAB and activates transcription in cardiomyocytes (By similarity). Involved in the oncostatin-M-mediated signaling pathway through both type I OSM receptor complex (heterodimers composed of LIFR and IL6ST) and type II OSM receptor complex (heterodimers composed of OSMR and IL6ST) (PubMed:[9188471](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm (PubMed:29162862) Translocated into the nucleus upon tyrosine phosphorylation and dimerization, in response to signaling by activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 or FGFR4 (PubMed:15653507, PubMed:16285960). Constitutive nuclear presence is independent of tyrosine phosphorylation. Predominantly present in the cytoplasm without stimuli. Upon leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) stimulation, accumulates in the nucleus. The complex composed of BART and ARL2 plays an important role in the nuclear

translocation and retention of STAT3. Identified in a complex with LYN and PAG1. Translocates to the nucleus in the presence of EDN1 (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P52631, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15653507, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16285960, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29162862}

Tissue Location

Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Expressed in naive CD4(+) T cells as well as T-helper Th17, Th1 and Th2 cells (PubMed:31899195)

Background

The transcription factor, signal transducer and activator of transcription-3 (STAT-3) is the most pleiotropic member of the signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) family of transcription factors and mediates pivotal responses for the cytokine family. The mouse STAT3 gene contains 24 exons and spans 30 kb. The translation initiation codon is in exon 2, and the stop codon is in exon 24. STAT3 is mapped to 17q21. It contributes to various physiological processes. Hepatic STAT-3 signaling is thus essential for normal glucose homeostasis and may provide new therapeutic targets for diabetes mellitus.

Images



Anti- STAT3 Picoband antibody, ABO12199, Western blotting
All lanes: Anti STAT3 (ABO12199) at 0.5ug/ml
Lane 1: Rat Lung Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 2: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 3: Human Placenta Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 4: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 5: PANC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 6: HEPA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Predicted bind size: 88KD
Observed bind size: 88KD

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.