10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

# Anti-EGFR Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO12792

## Product Information

| | |
|---|---|
| **Application** | WB |
| **Primary Accession** | P00533 |
| **Host** | Rabbit |
| **Reactivity** | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| **Clonality** | Polyclonal |
| **Format** | Lyophilized |
| **Description** | Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Epidermal growth factor receptor(EGFR) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse;Rat. |
| **Reconstitution** | Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml. |

## Additional Information

| | |
|---|---|
| **Gene ID** | 1956 |
| **Other Names** | Epidermal growth factor receptor, 2.7.10.1, Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1, Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1, EGFR, ERBB, ERBB1, HER1 |
| **Calculated MW** | 134277 |
| **Application Details** | Western blot, 0.1-0.5 □g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat |
| **Subcellular Localization** | Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER. Endocytosed upon activation by ligand. Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF). |
| **Tissue Specificity** | Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers. . |
| **Source** | Eukaryota |
| **Contents** | Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3. |
| **Immunogen** | A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human EGFR (25-57aa LEEKKVCQGTSNKLTQLGTFEDHFLSLQRMFNN), different from the related mouse sequence by two amino acids. |
| **Purification** | Immunogen affinity purified. |

| | |
|---|---|
| **Cross Reactivity** | No cross reactivity with other proteins. |
| **Storage** | At -20˚C for one year. After r˚Constitution, at 4˚C for one month. It˚Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20˚C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |

## Protein Information

| | |
|---|---|
| **Name** | EGFR {ECO:0000303\|PubMed:32926474, ECO:0000312\|HGNC:HGNC:3236} |
| **Function** | Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:10805725, PubMed:12297050, PubMed:12620237, PubMed:12873986, PubMed:15374980, PubMed:15590694, PubMed:17115032, PubMed:19560417, PubMed:21258366, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960, PubMed:35538033, PubMed:9488479). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF-alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding EGF (PubMed:12297049, PubMed:15611079, PubMed:17909029, PubMed:20837704, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960, PubMed:7679104, PubMed:8144591, PubMed:9419975). Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues (PubMed:10026169, PubMed:17349580, PubMed:18046415, PubMed:19560417, PubMed:19836242). The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades (PubMed:10026169, PubMed:17349580, PubMed:18046415, PubMed:19560417, PubMed:19836242). Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed:27153536). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:11116146). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:11602604). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:11483589). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CCDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:20462955). Acts as a positive regulator of cGAS-STING signaling by mediating tyrosine phosphorylation of STING1, promoting production of type I interferon (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta), while inhibiting STING1 ability to regulate autophagy (PubMed:32926474). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity). Plays a role in mammalian pain signaling (long-lasting hypersensitivity) (By similarity). |
| **Cellular Location** | Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Endosome Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:17909029, PubMed:20674546). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:17182860, PubMed:17909029, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055) |
| **Tissue Location** | Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers. |

## Images

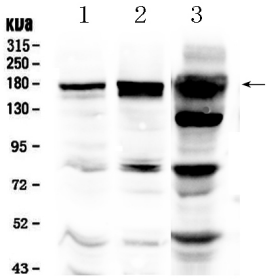



Figure 1. Western blot analysis of EGFR using anti-EGFR antibody (ABO12792).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.