

Anti-GAPDH Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody, HRP Conjugated

Catalog # ABO13099

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P04406
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse, Monkey
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid
Description	Anti-GAPDH Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody, HRP Conjugated . Tested in WB application. This antibody reacts with Human, Monkey, Mouse, Rat.

Additional Information

Gene ID	2597
Other Names	Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, GAPDH, 1.2.1.12, Peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylase GAPDH, 2.6.99.-, GAPDH {ECO:0000303 PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:4141}
Calculated MW	36053
Application Details	WB 1:5000-1:20000
Subcellular Localization	Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Translocates to the nucleus following S- nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions..
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.
Clone Names	Clone: A-7
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human GAPDH (HRP conjugated)
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Storage	Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

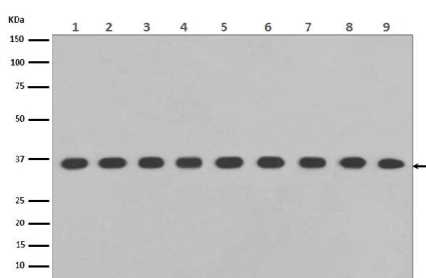
Protein Information

Name GAPDH {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:4141}

Function Catalyzes the conversion of D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate in glycolysis and the reverse reaction in gluconeogenesis (PubMed:[11724794](#), PubMed:[3170585](#)). Also shows nitrosylase activity, thereby playing a role in nuclear functions (PubMed:[11724794](#), PubMed:[3170585](#)). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1- dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed:[23071094](#)). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed:[23071094](#)). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (PubMed:[23332158](#), PubMed:[27387501](#)). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis (By similarity). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions (PubMed:12829261) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:12829261}

Images



Western blot analysis of GAPDH expression in (1) Jurkat cell lysate; (2) A375 cell lysate; (3) Human hippocampus lysate; (4) Human fetal liver lysate; (5) COS-1 cell lysate; (6) Raw264.7 cell lysate; (7) Mouse kidney lysate; (8) PC-12 cell lysate; (9) Rat brain lysate

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.