

Anti-FOXP1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO13747

Product Information

Application	WB, IF, ICC
Primary Accession	Q9H334
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid
Description	Anti-FOXP1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Additional Information

Gene ID	27086
Other Names	Forkhead box protein P1, Mac-1-regulated forkhead, MFH, FOXP1
Calculated MW	75317
Application Details	WB 1:500-1:2000 ICC/IF 1:50-400
Subcellular Localization	Nucleus.
Tissue Specificity	Isoform 8 is specifically expressed in embryonic stem cells..
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.
Clone Names	Clone: AOGO-6
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human FOXP1
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Storage	Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	FOXP1
Function	Transcriptional repressor (PubMed: 18347093 , PubMed: 26647308). Can act

with CTBP1 to synergistically repress transcription but CTPBP1 is not essential (By similarity). Plays an important role in the specification and differentiation of lung epithelium. Acts cooperatively with FOXP4 to regulate lung secretory epithelial cell fate and regeneration by restricting the goblet cell lineage program; the function may involve regulation of AGR2. Essential transcriptional regulator of B-cell development. Involved in regulation of cardiac muscle cell proliferation. Involved in the columnar organization of spinal motor neurons. Promotes the formation of the lateral motor neuron column (LMC) and the preganglionic motor column (PGC) and is required for respective appropriate motor axon projections. The segment-appropriate generation of spinal cord motor columns requires cooperation with other Hox proteins. Can regulate PITX3 promoter activity; may promote midbrain identity in embryonic stem cell-derived dopamine neurons by regulating PITX3. Negatively regulates the differentiation of T follicular helper cells T(FH)s. Involved in maintenance of hair follicle stem cell quiescence; the function probably involves regulation of FGF18 (By similarity). Represses transcription of various pro-apoptotic genes and cooperates with NF- kappa B-signaling in promoting B-cell expansion by inhibition of caspase-dependent apoptosis (PubMed:[25267198](#)). Binds to CSF1R promoter elements and is involved in regulation of monocyte differentiation and macrophage functions; repression of CSF1R in monocytes seems to involve NCOR2 as corepressor (PubMed:[15286807](#), PubMed:[18347093](#), PubMed:[18799727](#)). Involved in endothelial cell proliferation, tube formation and migration indicative for a role in angiogenesis; the role in neovascularization seems to implicate suppression of SEMA5B (PubMed:[24023716](#)). Can negatively regulate androgen receptor signaling (PubMed:[18640093](#)). Acts as a transcriptional activator of the FBXL7 promoter; this activity is regulated by AURKA (PubMed:[28218735](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Not found in the nucleolus

Tissue Location

Isoform 8 is specifically expressed in embryonic stem cells.

Images

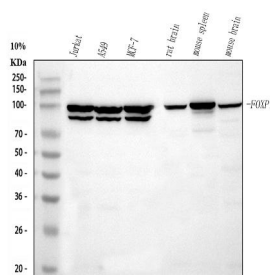


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of FOXP1 using anti-FOXP1 antibody (M00723).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours.

The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human Jurkat whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human A549 whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: human MCF-7 whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: rat brain tissue lysates,

Lane 5: mouse spleen tissue lysates,

Lane 6: mouse brain tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes.

Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5

hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit

anti-FOXP1 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody

(Catalog # M00723) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then

washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each

and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary

antibody at a dilution of 1:5000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The

signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent

detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200

system. A specific band was detected for FOXP1 at approximately 90 kDa. The expected band size for PFOXP1 is at 75 kDa.

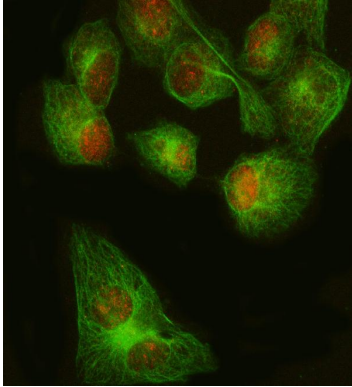


Figure 2. IF analysis of FOXP1 using anti-FOXP1 antibody (M00723) and anti-Beta Tubulin antibody (M01857-3). FOXP1 was detected in immunocytochemical section of HEK293T cell. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated at 1:50 with rabbit anti-FOXP1 Antibody (M00723) and mouse anti-Beta Tubulin antibody (M01857-3) overnight at 4°C. Cy3 Conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (BA1032) and DyLight®488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (BA1126) were used as secondary antibody at 1:500 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.