

Anti-AGTR1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO13749

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P30556
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid
Description	Anti-AGTR1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB application. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Additional Information

Gene ID	185
Other Names	Type-1 angiotensin II receptor, AT1AR, AT1BR, Angiotensin II type-1 receptor, AT1 receptor, AGTR1 (HGNC:336)
Calculated MW	41061
Application Details	WB 1:500-1:2000
Subcellular Localization	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Liver, lung, adrenal and adrenocortical adenomas.
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.
Clone Names	Clone: AOGD-1
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human AGTR1
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Storage	Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	AGTR1 (HGNC:336)
Function	Receptor for angiotensin II, a vasoconstricting peptide, which acts as a key

regulator of blood pressure and sodium retention by the kidney (PubMed:[15611106](#), PubMed:[1567413](#), PubMed:[25913193](#), PubMed:[26420482](#), PubMed:[30639100](#), PubMed:[32079768](#), PubMed:[8987975](#)). The activated receptor in turn couples to G-alpha proteins G(q) (GNAQ, GNA11, GNA14 or GNA15) and thus activates phospholipase C and increases the cytosolic Ca(2+) concentrations, which in turn triggers cellular responses such as stimulation of protein kinase C (PubMed:[15611106](#)).

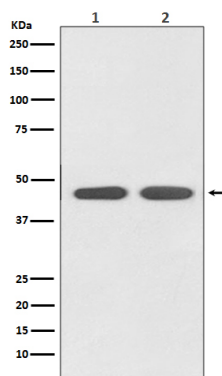
Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Liver, lung, adrenal and adrenocortical adenomas.

Images



Western blot analysis of AGTR1 expression in (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) PC-12 cell lysate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.