

Anti-DNA-PKcs PRKDC Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO13926

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC
Primary Accession	P78527
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid
Description	Anti-DNA-PKcs PRKDC Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Additional Information

Gene ID	5591
Other Names	DNA-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit, DNA-PK catalytic subunit, DNA-PKcs, 2.7.11.1, DNPK1, p460, PRKDC, HYRC, HYRC1
Calculated MW	469089
Application Details	WB 1:1000-1:2000 IHC 1:50-1:200 ICC/IF 1:50-1:200
Subcellular Localization	Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus.
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.
Clone Names	Clone: EIA-16
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human DNA-PKcs
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Storage	Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	PRKDC
Synonyms	HYRC, HYRC1

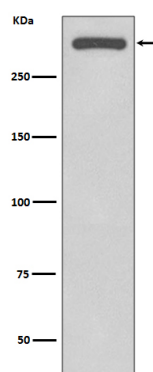
Function

Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts as a molecular sensor for DNA damage (PubMed:[11955432](#), PubMed:[12649176](#), PubMed:[14734805](#), PubMed:[33854234](#)). Involved in DNA non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) required for double-strand break (DSB) repair and V(D)J recombination (PubMed:[11955432](#), PubMed:[12649176](#), PubMed:[14734805](#), PubMed:[33854234](#), PubMed:[34352203](#)). Must be bound to DNA to express its catalytic properties (PubMed:[11955432](#)). Promotes processing of hairpin DNA structures in V(D)J recombination by activation of the hairpin endonuclease artemis (DCLRE1C) (PubMed:[11955432](#)). Recruited by XRCC5 and XRCC6 to DNA ends and is required to (1) protect and align broken ends of DNA, thereby preventing their degradation, (2) and sequester the DSB for repair by NHEJ (PubMed:[11955432](#), PubMed:[12649176](#), PubMed:[14734805](#), PubMed:[15574326](#), PubMed:[33854234](#)). Acts as a scaffold protein to aid the localization of DNA repair proteins to the site of damage (PubMed:[11955432](#), PubMed:[12649176](#), PubMed:[14734805](#), PubMed:[15574326](#)). The assembly of the DNA-PK complex at DNA ends is also required for the NHEJ ligation step (PubMed:[11955432](#), PubMed:[12649176](#), PubMed:[14734805](#), PubMed:[15574326](#)). Found at the ends of chromosomes, suggesting a further role in the maintenance of telomeric stability and the prevention of chromosomal end fusion (By similarity). Also involved in modulation of transcription (PubMed:[11955432](#), PubMed:[12649176](#), PubMed:[14734805](#), PubMed:[15574326](#)). As part of the DNA-PK complex, involved in the early steps of ribosome assembly by promoting the processing of precursor rRNA into mature 18S rRNA in the small-subunit processome (PubMed:[32103174](#)). Binding to U3 small nucleolar RNA, recruits PRKDC and XRCC5/Ku86 to the small-subunit processome (PubMed:[32103174](#)). Recognizes the substrate consensus sequence [ST]-Q (PubMed:[11955432](#), PubMed:[12649176](#), PubMed:[14734805](#), PubMed:[15574326](#)). Phosphorylates 'Ser-139' of histone variant H2AX, thereby regulating DNA damage response mechanism (PubMed:[14627815](#), PubMed:[16046194](#)). Phosphorylates ASF1A, DCLRE1C, c-Abl/ABL1, histone H1, HSPCA, c-jun/JUN, p53/TP53, PARP1, POU2F1, DHX9, FH, SRF, NHEJ1/XLF, XRCC1, XRCC4, XRCC5, XRCC6, WRN, MYC and RFA2 (PubMed:[10026262](#), PubMed:[10467406](#), PubMed:[11889123](#), PubMed:[12509254](#), PubMed:[14599745](#), PubMed:[14612514](#), PubMed:[14704337](#), PubMed:[15177042](#), PubMed:[1597196](#), PubMed:[16397295](#), PubMed:[18644470](#), PubMed:[2247066](#), PubMed:[2507541](#), PubMed:[26237645](#), PubMed:[26666690](#), PubMed:[28712728](#), PubMed:[29478807](#), PubMed:[30247612](#), PubMed:[8407951](#), PubMed:[8464713](#), PubMed:[9139719](#), PubMed:[9362500](#)). Can phosphorylate C1D not only in the presence of linear DNA but also in the presence of supercoiled DNA (PubMed:[9679063](#)). Ability to phosphorylate p53/TP53 in the presence of supercoiled DNA is dependent on C1D (PubMed:[9363941](#)). Acts as a regulator of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase/protein kinase B signal transduction by mediating phosphorylation of 'Ser-473' of protein kinase B (PKB/AKT1, PKB/AKT2, PKB/AKT3), promoting their activation (PubMed:[15262962](#)). Contributes to the determination of the circadian period length by antagonizing phosphorylation of CRY1 'Ser-588' and increasing CRY1 protein stability, most likely through an indirect mechanism (By similarity). Plays a role in the regulation of DNA virus-mediated innate immune response by assembling into the HDP-RNP complex, a complex that serves as a platform for IRF3 phosphorylation and subsequent innate immune response activation through the cGAS-STING pathway (PubMed:[28712728](#)). Also regulates the cGAS-STING pathway by catalyzing phosphorylation of CGAS, thereby impairing CGAS oligomerization and activation (PubMed:[33273464](#)). Also regulates the cGAS-STING pathway by mediating phosphorylation of PARP1 (PubMed:[35460603](#)).

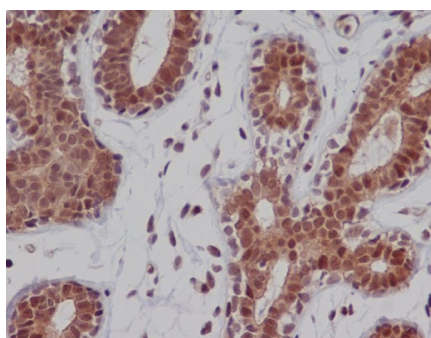
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Cytoplasm, cytosol

Images



Western blot analysis of DNA-PKcs expression in HeLa cell lysate.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast, using DNA-PKcs Antibody.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.