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Anti-KMT5A / SETD8 / Pr-SET7 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO14566

Product Information

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	Q9NQR1
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid
Description	Anti-KMT5A / SETD8 / Pr-SET7 Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Additional Information

Gene ID	387893
Other Names	N-lysine methyltransferase KMT5A, 2.1.1.-, H4-K20-HMTase KMT5A, Histone-lysine N-methyltransferase KMT5A, 2.1.1.361, Lysine N-methyltransferase 5A, Lysine-specific methylase 5A {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:29489}, PR/SET domain-containing protein 07, PR-Set7, PR/SET07, SET domain-containing protein 8, KMT5A (HGNC:29489)
Calculated MW	42890
Application Details	WB 1:1000-1:5000 FC 1:100
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.
Clone Names	Clone: ADHO-11
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human KMT5A / SETD8 / Pr-SET7 Protein-lysine N-methyltransferase that monomethylates both histones and non-histone proteins. Specifically monomethylates 'Lys-20' of histone H4 (H4K20me1). H4K20me1 is enriched during mitosis and represents a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression. Mainly functions in euchromatin regions, thereby playing a central role in the silencing of euchromatic genes.
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Storage	Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name

KMT5A (HGNC:29489)

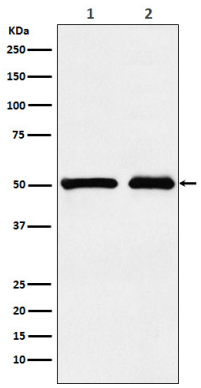
Function

Protein-lysine N-methyltransferase that monomethylates both histones and non-histone proteins (PubMed:12086618, PubMed:12121615, PubMed:15964846, PubMed:17707234, PubMed:27338793). Specifically monomethylates 'Lys-20' of histone H4 (H4K20me1) (PubMed:12086618, PubMed:12121615, PubMed:15200950, PubMed:15933069, PubMed:15933070, PubMed:15964846, PubMed:16517599, PubMed:27338793). H4K20me1 is enriched during mitosis and represents a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression (PubMed:12086618, PubMed:12121615, PubMed:15200950, PubMed:15933069, PubMed:15933070, PubMed:15964846, PubMed:16517599). Mainly functions in euchromatin regions, thereby playing a central role in the silencing of euchromatic genes (PubMed:12086618, PubMed:12121615, PubMed:15200950, PubMed:15933069, PubMed:15933070, PubMed:15964846, PubMed:16517599). Required for cell proliferation, probably by contributing to the maintenance of proper higher-order structure of DNA during mitosis (PubMed:12086618, PubMed:12121615, PubMed:15200950, PubMed:15933069, PubMed:15933070, PubMed:15964846, PubMed:16517599). Involved in chromosome condensation and proper cytokinesis (PubMed:12086618, PubMed:12121615, PubMed:15200950, PubMed:15933069, PubMed:15933070, PubMed:15964846, PubMed:16517599). Nucleosomes are preferred as substrate compared to free histones (PubMed:12086618, PubMed:12121615, PubMed:15200950, PubMed:15933069, PubMed:15933070, PubMed:15964846, PubMed:16517599). Mediates monomethylation of p53/TP53 at 'Lys-382', leading to repress p53/TP53-target genes (PubMed:17707234). Plays a negative role in TGF- beta response regulation and a positive role in cell migration (PubMed:23478445).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome. Note=Specifically localizes to mitotic chromosomes (PubMed:12208845). Colocalized with SIRT2 at mitotic foci (PubMed:23468428). Associates with chromosomes during mitosis; association is increased in a H(2)O(2)-induced oxidative stress- dependent manner (PubMed:23468428). Associates with silent chromatin on euchromatic arms (PubMed:12086618). Not associated with constitutive heterochromatin (PubMed:12086618).

Images



Western blot analysis of KMT5A / SETD8 / Pr-SET7 expression in (1) 293T cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.