

Anti-CD44 Picoband™ Antibody (monoclonal, 7H7)

Catalog # ABO14996

Product Information

Application	WB, IF, ICC, FC
Primary Accession	P16070
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Reactivity	Rat, Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Anti-CD44 Picoband™ Antibody (monoclonal, 7H7) . Tested in Flow Cytometry, IF, ICC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Rat.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	960
Other Names	CD44 antigen, CDw44, Epican, Extracellular matrix receptor III, ECMR-III, GP90 lymphocyte homing/adhesion receptor, HUTCH-I, Heparan sulfate proteoglycan, Hermes antigen, Hyaluronate receptor, Phagocytic glycoprotein 1, PGP-1, Phagocytic glycoprotein I, PGP-I, CD44, LHR, MDU2, MDU3, MIC4
Calculated MW	81538
Application Details	Western blot, 0.25-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Rat Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, 5 µg/ml, Human Flow Cytometry, 1-3 µg/1x10 ⁶ cells, Human
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Each vial contains 4mg Trehalose, 0.9mg NaCl and 0.2mg Na2HPO4.
Clone Names	Clone: 7H7
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human CD44, different from the related mouse and rat sequences by two amino acids.
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4 °C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 °C for six months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

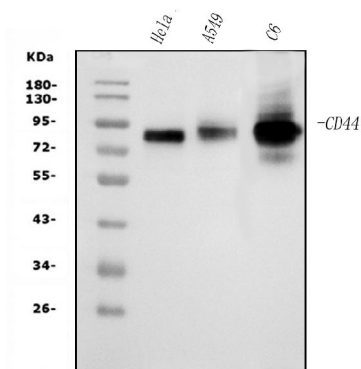
Name	CD44
Synonyms	LHR, MDU2, MDU3, MIC4
Function	Cell-surface receptor that plays a role in cell-cell interactions, cell adhesion and migration, helping them to sense and respond to changes in the tissue microenvironment (PubMed: 16541107 , PubMed: 19703720 , PubMed: 22726066). Participates thereby in a wide variety of cellular functions including the activation, recirculation and homing of T-lymphocytes, hematopoiesis, inflammation and response to bacterial infection (PubMed: 7528188). Engages, through its ectodomain, extracellular matrix components such as hyaluronan/HA, collagen, growth factors, cytokines or proteases and serves as a platform for signal transduction by assembling, via its cytoplasmic domain, protein complexes containing receptor kinases and membrane proteases (PubMed: 18757307 , PubMed: 23589287). Such effectors include PKN2, the RhoGTPases RAC1 and RHOA, Rho-kinases and phospholipase C that coordinate signaling pathways promoting calcium mobilization and actin-mediated cytoskeleton reorganization essential for cell migration and adhesion (PubMed: 15123640). Upon interaction with LGALS9 ligand, activates downstream signaling components including LCK, ERK and MAPK to promotes NK cell activation (PubMed: 37006235).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, microvillus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P15379}. Secreted Note=Colocalizes with actin in membrane protrusions at wounding edges Co-localizes with RDX, EZR and MSN in microvilli. Localizes to cholesterol-rich membrane-bound lipid raft domains {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P15379, ECO:0000269 PubMed:23589287}
Tissue Location	Detected in fibroblasts and urine (at protein level) (PubMed:25326458, PubMed:36213313, PubMed:37453717). Detected in placenta (at protein level) (PubMed:32337544). Isoform 10 (epithelial isoform) is expressed by cells of epithelium and highly expressed by carcinomas. Expression is repressed in neuroblastoma cells

Background

CD44 is also known as LHR or MC56. The protein encoded by this gene is a cell-surface glycoprotein involved in cell-cell interactions, cell adhesion and migration. It is a receptor for hyaluronic acid (HA) and can also interact with other ligands, such as osteopontin, collagens, and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). This protein participates in a wide variety of cellular functions including lymphocyte activation, recirculation and homing, hematopoiesis, and tumor metastasis. Transcripts for this gene undergo complex alternative splicing that results in many functionally distinct isoforms, however, the full length nature of some of these variants has not been determined. Alternative splicing is the basis for the structural and functional diversity of this protein, and may be related to tumor metastasis.

Images

Figure 1. Western blot analysis of CD44 using anti-CD44 antibody (M00052-3). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of



sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human HeLa whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human A549 whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: rat C6 whole cell lysates.

After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-CD44 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M00052-3) at 0.5 µg/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for CD44 at approximately 82KD. The expected band size for CD44 is at 82KD.

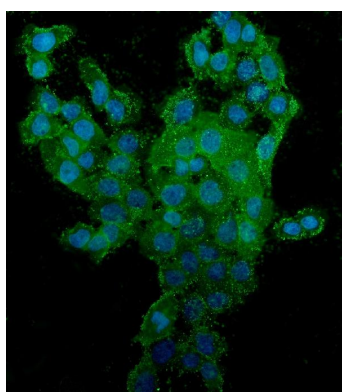


Figure 2. IF analysis of CD44 using anti-CD44 antibody (M00052-3).

CD44 was detected in immunocytochemical section of A431 cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated with 5 µg/mL mouse anti-CD44 Antibody (M00052-3) overnight at 4°C. DyLight®488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (BA1126) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.

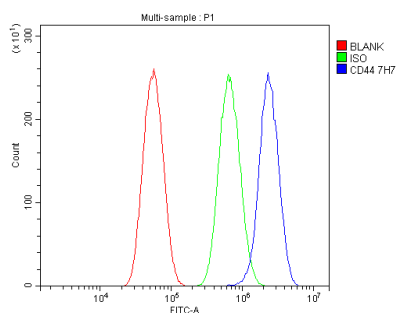


Figure 3. Flow Cytometry analysis of U87 cells using anti-CD44 antibody (M00052-3).

Overlay histogram showing U87 cells stained with M00052-3 (Blue line). The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with mouse anti-CD44 Antibody (M00052-3, 1 µg/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 20°C. DyLight®488 conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (BA1126, 5-10 µg/1x10⁶ cells) was used as secondary antibody for 30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was mouse IgG (1 µg/1x10⁶) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.