

Anti-ALDH2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H2)

Catalog # ABO16588

Product Information

Application	WB, IF, ICC, FC
Primary Accession	P05091
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Lyophilized
Description	Anti-ALDH2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 6H2) . Tested in Flow Cytometry, IF, ICC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.
Reconstitution	Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	217
Other Names	Aldehyde dehydrogenase, mitochondrial, 1.2.1.3, ALDH class 2, ALDH-E2, ALDHI, ALDH2, ALDM
Calculated MW	56381
Application Details	Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, 2 µg/ml, Human Flow Cytometry, 1-3 µg/1x10 ⁶ cells, Human
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05 mg NaN ₃ .
Clone Names	Clone: 6H2
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human ALDH2, different from the related mouse sequence by two amino acids, and from the related rat sequence by one amino acid.
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4 °C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20 °C for six months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	ALDH2
Synonyms	ALDM
Function	Required for clearance of cellular formaldehyde, a cytotoxic and carcinogenic metabolite that induces DNA damage.
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion matrix.

Background

ALDH2 (Aldehyde Dehydrogenase 2 Family) is a human gene. The enzyme encoded by this gene belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of enzymes that catalyze the chemical transformation from acetaldehyde to acetic acid. Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the second enzyme of the major oxidative pathway of alcohol metabolism. Hsu et al. (1985) assigned the ALDH2 locus to chromosome 12 by means of a cDNA probe and Southern blot analysis of somatic cell hybrids. Using an unbiased proteomic search, Chen et al. (2008) identified mitochondrial ALDH2 as an enzyme whose activation correlated with reduced ischemic heart damage in rodent models. A high-throughput screen identified a small molecule activator of ALDH2, which they called Alda-1, that, when administered to rats before an ischemic event, reduced infarct size by 60%, most likely through its inhibitory effect on the formation of cytotoxic aldehydes.

Images



Figure 1. Western blot analysis of ALDH2 using anti-ALDH2 antibody (M00546-2).

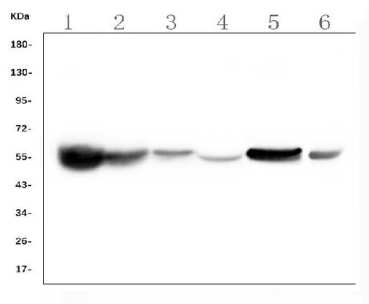
Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human HepG2 whole cell lysates,
Lane 2: human placenta tissue lysates,
Lane 3: human HEK293 whole cell lysates,
Lane 4: human HL-60 whole cell lysates,
Lane 5: human SHG-44 whole cell lysates,
Lane 6: human THP-1 whole cell lysates,
Lane 7: human K562 whole cell lysates.

After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-ALDH2 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M00546-2) at 0.5 µg/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for ALDH2 at approximately 56 kDa. The expected band size for ALDH2 is at 56 kDa.

Figure 2. Western blot analysis of ALDH2 using anti-ALDH2 antibody (M00546-2).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours.



The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: rat liver tissue lysates,

Lane 2: rat kidney tissue lysates,

Lane 3: rat heart tissue lysates,

Lane 4: rat PC-12 whole cell lysates,

Lane 5: mouse liver tissue lysates,

Lane 6: mouse Ana-1 whole cell lysates.

After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-ALDH2 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M00546-2) at 0.5 µg/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for ALDH2 at approximately 56 kDa. The expected band size for ALDH2 is at 56 kDa.

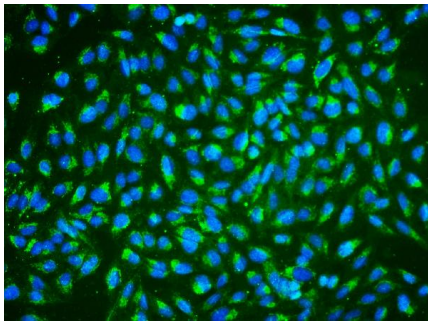


Figure 3. IF analysis of ALDH2 using anti-ALDH2 antibody (M00546-2).

ALDH2 was detected in immunocytochemical section of U2OS cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated with 2 µg/mL mouse anti-ALDH2 Antibody (M00546-2) overnight at 4°C. DyLight488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (BA1126) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.

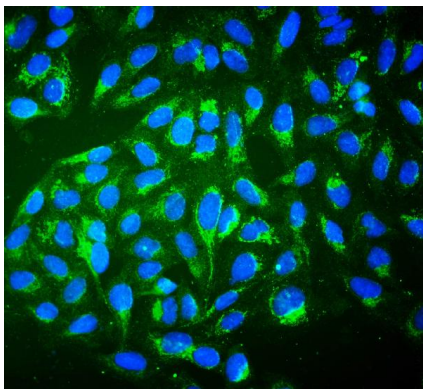


Figure 4. IF analysis of ALDH2 using anti-ALDH2 antibody (M00546-2).

ALDH2 was detected in immunocytochemical section of U2OS cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated with 2 µg/mL mouse anti-ALDH2 Antibody (M00546-2) overnight at 4°C. DyLight488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (BA1126) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.

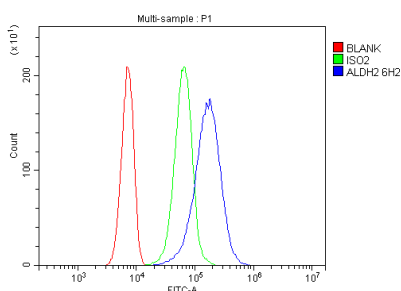


Figure 5. Flow Cytometry analysis of SiHa cells using anti-ALDH2 antibody (M00546-2). Overlay histogram showing SiHa cells stained with M00546-2 (Blue line). The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with mouse anti-ALDH2 Antibody (M00546-2, 1 µg/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 20°C. DyLight®488 conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (BA1126, 5-10 µg/1x10⁶ cells) was used as secondary antibody for

30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was mouse IgG (1 µg/1x10⁶) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.