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Anti-CD223 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO16687

Product Information

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	P18627
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid
Description	Anti-CD223 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

Additional Information

Gene ID	3902
Other Names	Lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein, LAG-3, CD223, Secreted lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein, sLAG-3, LAG3 (HGNC:6476), FDC
Calculated MW	57449
Application Details	IHC 1:50-1:200 ICC/IF 1:50-1:200
Source	Eukaryota
Contents	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.
Clone Names	Clone: 31L58
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD223
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Storage	Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	LAG3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:35761082, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6476}
Function	[Lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein]: Inhibitory receptor on antigen activated T-cells (PubMed:20421648, PubMed:35761082, PubMed:7805750, PubMed:8647185). Delivers inhibitory signals upon binding to ligands, such as MHC class II, its main ligand present at the surface of antigen-presenting cells

(APCs), and FGL1, which is secreted by hepatocytes and certain types of tumor cells (PubMed:30580966, PubMed:32920841, PubMed:35761082, PubMed:39671469, PubMed:7589152, PubMed:8647185, PubMed:9159144). Ligand-binding initiates a signaling that inhibits the T-cell receptor (TCR) in the immunological synapse, preventing T-cell activation (PubMed:40101708). Mechanistically, ligand-binding promotes (1) ubiquitination of the KIEELE motif, unleashing the RRFSALE motif from the membrane and (2) leading to the formation of condensates with the TCR component CD3E, thereby disrupting the association between CD3E and LCK and preventing TCR activation (PubMed:40101708, PubMed:40592325). May inhibit antigen-specific T-cell activation in synergy with PDCD1/PD-1 (By similarity). Negatively regulates the proliferation, activation, effector function and homeostasis of both CD8(+) and CD4(+) T-cells (PubMed:20421648, PubMed:7805750, PubMed:8647185). Also mediates immune tolerance: constitutively expressed on a subset of regulatory T-cells (Tregs) and contributes to their suppressive function (By similarity). Also acts as a negative regulator of plasmacytoid dendritic cell (pDCs) activation (By similarity).

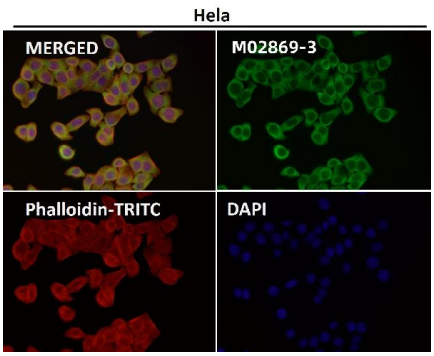
Cellular Location

[Lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Clusters on the T-cell surface following ligand-binding

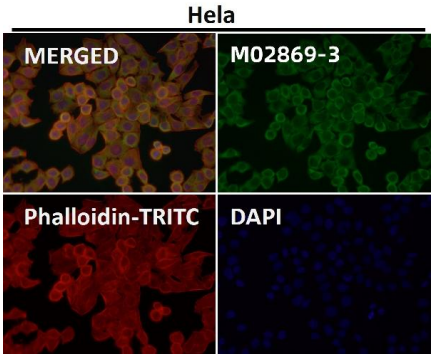
Tissue Location

Primarily expressed in activated T-cells and a subset of natural killer (NK) cells.

Images



Immunofluorescent analysis using the Antibody at 1:50 dilution.



Immunofluorescent analysis using the Antibody at 1:150 dilution.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.