

CTLA4 Polyclonal Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV11777

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession P16410
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 24656

Additional Information

Gene ID 1493

Positive Control WB

Application & Usage WB: 1:2000IHC-P: 1:50~100

Alias Symbol CTLA4

Other Names Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4, Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen

4, CTLA-4, CD152, CTLA4, CD152

Appearance Colorless liquid

Formulation PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide

Reconstitution & Storage -20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions CTLA4 Polyclonal Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CTLA4

Synonyms CD152

Function Inhibitory receptor acting as a major negative regulator of T-cell responses.

The affinity of CTLA4 for its natural B7 family ligands, CD80 and CD86, is considerably stronger than the affinity of their cognate stimulatory coreceptor

CD28.

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Exists primarily

an intracellular antigen whose surface expression is tightly regulated by

restricted trafficking to the cell surface and rapid internalization

Tissue Location

Widely expressed with highest levels in lymphoid tissues. Detected in activated T-cells where expression levels are 30- to 50-fold less than CD28, the stimulatory coreceptor, on the cell surface following activation.

Background

CTLA4 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and encodes a protein which transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells. The protein contains a V domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic tail. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. The membrane-bound isoform functions as a homodimer interconnected by a disulfide bond, while the soluble isoform functions as a monomer. Mutations in this gene have been associated with insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, Graves disease, Hashimoto thyroiditis, celiac disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, thyroid-associated orbitopathy, and other autoimmune diseases.

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