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# Anti-Caspase-3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABV11814

## Product Information

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| **Application** | WB, IHC |
| **Primary Accession** | P42574 |
| **Reactivity** | Human |
| **Host** | Rabbit |
| **Clonality** | Monoclonal |
| **Isotype** | Rabbit IgG |
| **Calculated MW** | 31608 |

## Additional Information

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| **Gene ID** | 836 |
| **Positive Control** | WB: Jurkat cell lysates; IHC: human breast cancer tissues |
| **Application & Usage** | IHC: 1:1000 -1:2500 dilution; WB: 1:1000 - 1:2000 dilution |
| **Alias Symbol** | Caspase 3 |
| **Other Names** | CPP32, CASP3, apopain, procaspase3, CPP32B, SCA-1, CPP-32, Apopain, Yama |
| **Appearance** | Colorless liquid |
| **Formulation** | In 50% Glycerol/PBS with 1% BSA and 0.09% sodium azide |
| **Reconstitution & Storage** | -20 °C |
| **Background Descriptions** | |
| **Precautions** | Anti-Caspase-3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

## Protein Information

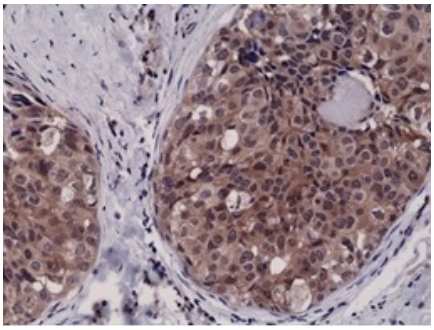
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| **Name** | CASP3 |
| **Synonyms** | CPP32 {ECO:0000303\|PubMed:7983002} |
| **Function** | Thiol protease that acts as a major effector caspase involved in the execution phase of apoptosis (PubMed:18723680, PubMed:20566630, PubMed:23650375, PubMed:35338844, PubMed:35446120, PubMed:7596430). Following cleavage and activation by initiator caspases (CASP8, CASP9 and/or CASP10), mediates execution of apoptosis by catalyzing cleavage of many proteins (PubMed:18723680, PubMed:20566630, PubMed:23650375, PubMed:7596430). At the onset of apoptosis, it |

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| | proteolytically cleaves poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase PARP1 at a '216-Asp-\|-Gly-217' bond (PubMed:10497198, PubMed:16374543, PubMed:7596430, PubMed:7774019). Cleaves and activates sterol regulatory element binding proteins (SREBPs) between the basic helix-loop-helix leucine zipper domain and the membrane attachment domain (By similarity). Cleaves and activates caspase-6, -7 and -9 (CASP6, CASP7 and CASP9, respectively) (PubMed:7596430). Cleaves and inactivates interleukin-18 (IL18) (PubMed:37993714, PubMed:9334240). Involved in the cleavage of huntingtin (PubMed:8696339). Triggers cell adhesion in sympathetic neurons through RET cleavage (PubMed:21357690). Also involved in axon pruning during brain development (By similarity). Cleaves DSG2 in response to apoptosis resulting in a loss of full length DSG2 at desmosome cell junctions and subsequent loss of cell-cell adhesion (PubMed:17559062). Also cleaves JUP in response to apoptosis (PubMed:17559062). Cleaves and inhibits serine/threonine-protein kinase AKT1 in response to oxidative stress (PubMed:23152800). Acts as an inhibitor of type I interferon production during virus-induced apoptosis by mediating cleavage of antiviral proteins CGAS, IRF3 and MAVS, thereby preventing cytokine overproduction (PubMed:30878284). Also involved in pyroptosis by mediating cleavage and activation of gasdermin-E (GSDME) (PubMed:35338844, PubMed:35446120). Cleaves XRCC4 and phospholipid scramblase proteins XKR4, XKR8 and XKR9, leading to promote phosphatidylserine exposure on apoptotic cell surface (PubMed:23845944, PubMed:33725486). Cleaves BIRC6 following inhibition of BIRC6-caspase binding by DIABLO/SMAC (PubMed:36758104, PubMed:36758106). |
| **Cellular Location** | Cytoplasm. |
| **Tissue Location** | Highly expressed in lung, spleen, heart, liver and kidney. Moderate levels in brain and skeletal muscle, and low in testis. Also found in many cell lines, highest expression in cells of the immune system. |

## Background

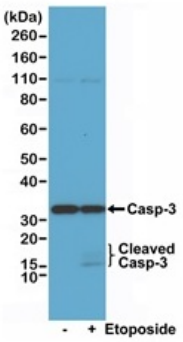
Caspase family of cysteine proteases has been shown to play a key role in apoptosis. Caspase-3 is synthesized as an inactive pro-enzyme (32 kDa) that is processed in cells undergoing apoptosis by self-proteolysis and/or cleavage by another upstream protease. The processed form of caspase-3 consists of large (17 kD) and small (12 kD) subunits which associate to form an active enzyme. The active caspase-3 proteolytically cleaves and activates other caspases, as well as relevant targets in the cells (e.g., PARP and DFF).

## Images



Immunohistochemical staining of formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human breast cancer tissue sections using Anti-Caspase-3 antibody at 1:2500 dilution.

Western blot of Jurkat cell lysate, untreated or treated with etoposide, using anti-Caspase-3 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.




Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.