

# IgG4

Rabbit Monoclonal antibody(Mab)
Catalog # AD80197

### **Product Information**

Application IHC-P
Primary Accession P01861
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Monoclonal
Clone Names 863G1E2
Calculated MW 43832

## **Additional Information**

**Gene Name** IGHG4 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:11340299, ECO:0000303 | Ref.5}

Other Names Immunoglobulin heavy constant gamma 4 (ECO:0000303 | PubMed:11340299,

ECO:0000303 | Ref.6}, Ig gamma-4 chain C region, IGHG4 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:11340299, ECO:0000303 | Ref.6}

**Dilution** IHC-P~~Ready-to-use

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C.

**Precautions** IgG4 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name IGHG4 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:11340299, ECO:0000303 | Ref.6}

**Function** Constant region of immunoglobulin heavy chains. Immunoglobulins, also

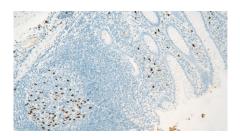
known as antibodies, are membrane-bound or secreted glycoproteins produced by B lymphocytes. In the recognition phase of humoral immunity, the membrane-bound immunoglobulins serve as receptors which, upon binding of a specific antigen, trigger the clonal expansion and differentiation of B lymphocytes into immunoglobulins- secreting plasma cells. Secreted immunoglobulins mediate the effector phase of humoral immunity, which

results in the elimination of bound antigens (PubMed:20176268, PubMed:22158414). The antigen binding site is formed by the variable domain of one heavy chain, together with that of its associated light chain. Thus, each immunoglobulin has two antigen binding sites with remarkable affinity for a particular antigen. The variable domains are assembled by a process called V-(D)-J rearrangement and can then be subjected to somatic

hypermutations which, after exposure to antigen and selection, allow affinity maturation for a particular antigen (PubMed: 17576170, PubMed: 20176268).

Cellular Location [Isoform 1]: Secreted

# **Images**



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Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.