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CD16

Mouse Monoclonal antibody(Mab)
Catalog # AD80281

Product Information

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	P08637
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	526A1C6
Calculated MW	29089

Additional Information

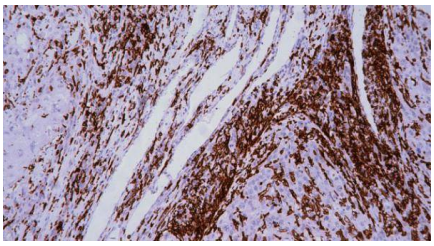
Gene ID	2214
Gene Name	FCGR3A
Other Names	Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor III-A, IgG Fc receptor III-A, CD16-II, CD16a antigen, Fc-gamma RIII-alpha, Fc-gamma RIII, Fc-gamma RIIIa, FcRIII, FcRIIIa, FcgammaRIIIA, FcR-10, IgG Fc receptor III-2, CD16a, FCGR3A {ECO:0000303|PubMed:23006327}
Dilution	IHC-P~~Ready-to-use
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C.
Precautions	CD16 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	FCGR3A {ECO:0000303|PubMed:23006327}
Function	Receptor for the invariable Fc fragment of immunoglobulin gamma (IgG). Optimally activated upon binding of clustered antigen-IgG complexes displayed on cell surfaces, triggers lysis of antibody-coated cells, a process known as antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). Does not bind free monomeric IgG, thus avoiding inappropriate effector cell activation in the absence of antigenic trigger (PubMed:11711607, PubMed:21768335, PubMed:22023369, PubMed:24412922, PubMed:25786175, PubMed:25816339, PubMed:28652325, PubMed:8609432, PubMed:9242542). Mediates IgG effector functions on natural killer (NK) cells. Binds antigen-IgG complexes generated upon infection and triggers NK cell-dependent cytokine production and degranulation to limit viral load and propagation. Involved in the generation of memory- like adaptive NK cells capable to produce high amounts of IFNG and to efficiently eliminate virus-infected cells via ADCC (PubMed:24412922, PubMed:25786175). Regulates NK cell survival and

	proliferation, in particular by preventing NK cell progenitor apoptosis (PubMed:29967280, PubMed:9916693). Following the engagement of antigen-IgG complexes, triggers phosphorylation of immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM)-containing adapters with subsequent activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling and sustained elevation of intracellular calcium that ultimately drive NK cell activation. The ITAM-dependent signaling coupled to receptor phosphorylation by PKC mediates robust intracellular calcium flux that leads to production of pro-inflammatory cytokines, whereas in the absence of receptor phosphorylation it mainly activates phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling leading to cell degranulation (PubMed:1825220, PubMed:23024279, PubMed:2532305). Costimulates NK cells and trigger lysis of target cells independently of IgG binding (PubMed:10318937, PubMed:23006327). Mediates the antitumor activities of therapeutic antibodies. Upon ligation on monocytes triggers TNFA-dependent ADCC of IgG-coated tumor cells (PubMed:27670158). Mediates enhanced opsonization and ADCC in response to afucosylated IgGs (PubMed:34485821, PubMed:28566370).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Secreted. Note=Also exists as a soluble receptor
Tissue Location	Expressed in natural killer cells (at protein level) (PubMed:2526846). Expressed in a subset of circulating monocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:27670158).

Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human esophageal squamous cell carcinoma tissue was performed with CD16 primary antibody, followed by peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.