

CD38

Rabbit Monoclonal antibody(Mab)

Catalog # AD80356

Product Information

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	P28907
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	645J4B5
Calculated MW	34328

Additional Information

Gene ID	952
Gene Name	CD38
Other Names	ADP-ribosyl cyclase/cyclic ADP-ribose hydrolase 1, 3.2.2.-, 3.2.2.6, 2'-phospho-ADP-ribosyl cyclase, 2'-phospho-ADP-ribosyl cyclase/2'-phospho-cyclic-ADP-ribose transferase, 2.4.99.20, 2'-phospho-cyclic-ADP-ribose transferase, ADP-ribosyl cyclase 1, ADPRC 1, Cyclic ADP-ribose hydrolase 1, cADPR hydrolase 1, T10, CD38, CD38
Dilution	IHC-P~~Ready-to-use
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C.
Precautions	CD38 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CD38
Function	Multifunctional transmembrane glycoprotein able to exert enzymatic activities and also to mobilize calcium, to transduce signals, to adhere to hyaluronan and to other ligands. Synthesizes cyclic ADP-ribose (cADPR), a second messenger for glucose-induced insulin secretion (PubMed: 7961800 , PubMed: 8253715). Synthesizes the Ca(2+) mobilizer nicotinate-adenine dinucleotide phosphate, NAADP(+), from 2'-phospho-cADPR and nicotinic acid, as well as from NADP(+) and nicotinic acid. At both pH 5.0 and pH 7.4 preferentially transforms 2'-phospho-cADPR into NAADP(+), while preferentially cleaving NADP(+) to cADPR and ADPRP rather than into NADDP(+) (PubMed: 16690024). Has cADPR hydrolase activity (PubMed: 7961800 , PubMed: 8253715). Functions also as a receptor that binds the ligand CD31 on endothelial cells, promoting lymphocyte activation, proliferation, and migration across the endothelial barrier (PubMed: 9551996).

Cellular Location

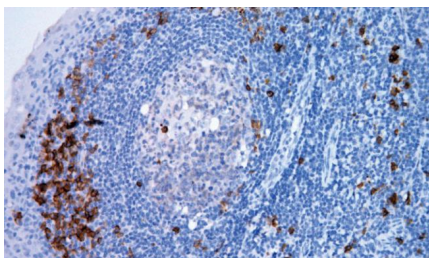
Involved in the regulation of crucial dendritic cell functions acquired at the mature stage, such as CCL21-driven migration, survival, and Th1-polarizing activity (PubMed:[16293598](#)). In lamina propria T lymphocytes, CD38/CD31 cognate interactions initiate a multistep signaling pathway resulting in activation of LCK and LAT, followed by cytokine release (PubMed:[11259373](#)). Cell surface. Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein.

Tissue Location

Note=Localizes in membrane lipid domains.

Expressed at high levels in pancreas, liver, kidney, brain, testis, ovary, placenta, malignant lymphoma and neuroblastoma.

Images



扁桃体

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.