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SMARCA4

Rabbit Monoclonal antibody(Mab)
Catalog # AD80423

Product Information

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	P51532
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	564J7A1
Calculated MW	184646

Additional Information

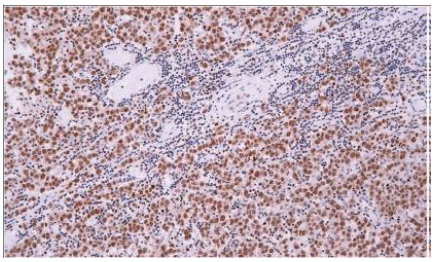
Gene ID	6597
Gene Name	SMARCA4
Other Names	Transcription activator BRG1, 3.6.4.-, ATP-dependent helicase SMARCA4, BRG1-associated factor 190A, BAF190A, Mitotic growth and transcription activator, Protein BRG-1, Protein brahma homolog 1, SNF2-beta, SWI/SNF-related matrix-associated actin-dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily A member 4, SMARCA4, BAF190A, BRG1, SNF2B, SNF2L4
Dilution	IHC-P~~Ready-to-use
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C.
Precautions	SMARCA4/Brg1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SMARCA4 (HGNC:11100)
Function	ATPase involved in transcriptional activation and repression of select genes by chromatin remodeling (alteration of DNA-nucleosome topology). Component of SWI/SNF chromatin remodeling complexes that carry out key enzymatic activities, changing chromatin structure by altering DNA-histone contacts within a nucleosome in an ATP-dependent manner (PubMed:15075294, PubMed:29374058, PubMed:30339381, PubMed:32459350). Component of the CREST-BRG1 complex, a multiprotein complex that regulates promoter activation by orchestrating the calcium-dependent release of a repressor complex and the recruitment of an activator complex. In resting neurons, transcription of the c-FOS promoter is inhibited by SMARCA4-dependent recruitment of a phospho- RB1-HDAC repressor complex. Upon calcium influx, RB1 is dephosphorylated by calcineurin, which leads to release of the repressor complex. At the same

	time, there is increased recruitment of CREBBP to the promoter by a CREST-dependent mechanism, which leads to transcriptional activation. The CREST-BRG1 complex also binds to the NR2B promoter, and activity-dependent induction of NR2B expression involves the release of HDAC1 and recruitment of CREBBP (By similarity). Belongs to the neural progenitors-specific chromatin remodeling complex (npBAF complex) and the neuron-specific chromatin remodeling complex (nBAF complex). During neural development, a switch from a stem/progenitor to a postmitotic chromatin remodeling mechanism occurs as neurons exit the cell cycle and become committed to their adult state. The transition from proliferating neural stem/progenitor cells to postmitotic neurons requires a switch in subunit composition of the npBAF and nBAF complexes. As neural progenitors exit mitosis and differentiate into neurons, npBAF complexes which contain ACTL6A/BAF53A and PHF10/BAF45A, are exchanged for homologous alternative ACTL6B/BAF53B and DPF1/BAF45B or DPF3/BAF45C subunits in neuron- specific complexes (nBAF). The npBAF complex is essential for the self- renewal/proliferative capacity of the multipotent neural stem cells. The nBAF complex along with CREST plays a role regulating the activity of genes essential for dendrite growth. SMARCA4/BAF190A may promote neural stem cell self-renewal/proliferation by enhancing Notch-dependent proliferative signals, while concurrently making the neural stem cell insensitive to SHH-dependent differentiating cues (By similarity). Acts as a corepressor of ZEB1 to regulate E-cadherin transcription and is required for induction of epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) by ZEB1 (PubMed:20418909). Binds via DLX1 to enhancers located in the intergenic region between DLX5 and DLX6 and this binding is stabilized by the long non-coding RNA (lncRNA) Evf2 (By similarity). Binds to RNA in a promiscuous manner (By similarity). In brown adipose tissue, involved in the regulation of thermogenic genes expression (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00549, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20418909, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25593309} Note=Colocalizes with long non-coding RNA Evf2 in nuclear RNA clouds (By similarity). Localizes to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:25593309) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3TKT4, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25593309}
Tissue Location	Colocalizes with ZEB1 in E-cadherin-negative cells from established lines, and stroma of normal colon as well as in de- differentiated epithelial cells at the invasion front of colorectal carcinomas (at protein level).

Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human seminoma tissue was performed with SMARCA4 primary antibody, followed by peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.