

Anti-S100B Antibody (Internal)

Catalog # AF4282a

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** P04271

Other Accession <u>6285</u>, <u>NP_006263.1</u>

Reactivity Human
Predicted Human
Calculated MW 10713

Additional Information

Gene ID 6285

Other Names Protein S100-B, S-100 protein beta chain, S-100 protein subunit beta, S100

calcium-binding protein B, S100B

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~N/A

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Anti-S100B Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name S100B {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:6487634, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:10500}

Function Small zinc- and calcium-binding protein that is highly expressed in

astrocytes and constitutes one of the most abundant soluble proteins in brain (PubMed:20950652, PubMed:6487634). Weakly binds calcium but binds zinc very tightly-distinct binding sites with different affinities exist for both ions on each monomer (PubMed:20950652, PubMed:6487634). Physiological concentrations of potassium ion antagonize the binding of both divalent cations, especially affecting high-affinity calcium-binding sites (By similarity). Acts as a neurotrophic factor that promotes astrocytosis and axonal proliferation (By similarity). Involved in innervation of thermogenic adipose tissue by acting as an adipocyte-derived neurotrophic factor that promotes sympathetic innervation of adipose tissue (By similarity). Binds to and initiates the activation of STK38 by releasing autoinhibitory intramolecular interactions within the kinase (By similarity). Interaction with AGER after myocardial infarction may play a role in myocyte apoptosis by activating ERK1/2 and p53/TP53 signaling (By similarity). Could assist ATAD3A cytoplasmic processing, preventing aggregation and favoring mitochondrial localization

(PubMed: <u>20351179</u>). May mediate calcium-dependent regulation on many physiological processes by interacting with other proteins, such as TPR-containing proteins, and modulating their activity (PubMed: <u>22399290</u>).

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Secreted {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P50114}

Note=Secretion into the medium is promoted by interaction with isoform

CLSTN3beta of CLSTN3. {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P50114}

Tissue Location Although predominant among the water-soluble brain proteins, S100 is also

found in a variety of other tissues

Images



Antibody (1 μ g/ml) staining of Human Olfactory Bulb (A) and Cerebellum (B) lysates (35 μ g protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.