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Goat Anti-GABRG2 Antibody (aa384-396) (internal region)

Catalog # AF4302a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	P18507
Other Accession	NP_944494.1, NP_000807.2, NP_944493.2, 29709, 14406, 2566
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Dog
Host	Goat
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	55186

Additional Information

Gene ID	2566
Other Names	Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit gamma-2, GABA(A) receptor subunit gamma-2, GABRG2
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~N/A
Immunogen	This antibody is expected to recognize all three reported isoforms (NP_944494.1; NP_000807.2; NP_944493.2).
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Goat Anti-GABRG2 Antibody (aa384-396) (internal region) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

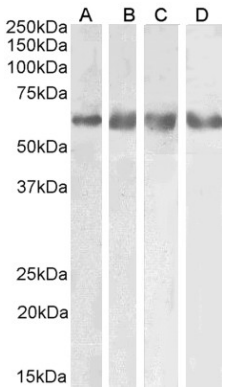
Name	GABRG2 (HGNC:4087)
Function	Gamma subunit of the heteropentameric ligand-gated chloride channel gated by gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA), a major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the brain (PubMed:14993607, PubMed:16412217, PubMed:23909897, PubMed:2538761, PubMed:25489750, PubMed:27864268, PubMed:29950725, PubMed:30602789). GABA-gated chloride channels, also named GABA(A) receptors (GABAAR), consist of five subunits arranged around a central pore and contain GABA active binding site(s) located at the alpha and beta subunit interface(s) (PubMed:29950725, PubMed:30602789). When activated by GABA, GABAARs selectively allow the flow of chloride anions across the cell membrane down their electrochemical gradient (PubMed:14993607, PubMed:16412217, PubMed:2538761,

PubMed:27864268, PubMed:29950725, PubMed:30602789). Gamma-2/GABRG2-containing GABAARs are found at both synaptic and extrasynaptic sites (By similarity). Chloride influx into the postsynaptic neuron following GABAAR opening decreases the neuron ability to generate a new action potential, thereby reducing nerve transmission (By similarity). GABAARs containing alpha-1 and beta-2 or -3 subunits exhibit synaptogenic activity; the gamma-2 subunit being necessary but not sufficient to induce rapid synaptic contacts formation (PubMed:23909897, PubMed:25489750). Extrasynaptic gamma-2- containing receptors contribute to the tonic GABAergic inhibition (By similarity). GABAARs function also as histamine receptor where histamine binds at the interface of two neighboring beta subunits and potentiates GABA response in a gamma-2 subunit-controlled manner (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000269|PubMed:30602789, ECO:0007744|PDB:6I53}. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000269|PubMed:30602789, ECO:0007744|PDB:6I53} Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P22723}. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P18508}

Images



AF4302a (0.1 µg/ml) staining of Human Cerebellum (A), Mouse (B), Rat (C) and Pig (D) Brain lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.