



Goat anti-Spike protein- S2 Domain (aa810-820) Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF4550a

Product Information

Primary Accession <u>PODTC2</u>

Other Accession <u>NC_045512.2/MN908947</u>

Reactivity Human
Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Clone Names SARS-CoV-2
Calculated MW 141178

Additional Information

Gene ID 43740568

Other Names Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) isolate

Wuhan-Hu-1

Format Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5%

bovine serum albumin. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and

thawing.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Goat anti-Spike protein- S2 Domain (aa810-820) Antibody is for research use

only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name S {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}

Function [Spike protein S1]: Attaches the virion to the cell membrane by interacting

with host receptor, initiating the infection. The major receptor is host ACE2 (PubMed:32142651, PubMed:32155444, PubMed:33607086). When S2/S2' has been cleaved, binding to the receptor triggers direct fusion at the cell membrane (PubMed:34561887). When S2/S2' has not been cleaved, binding

to the receptor results in internalization of the virus by endocytosis using host TFRC and GRM2 and leading to fusion of the virion membrane with the host endosomal membrane (PubMed:32075877, PubMed:32221306,

PubMed:34903715, PubMed:36779763). Alternatively, may use NRP1/NRP2 (PubMed:33082294, PubMed:33082293) and integrin as entry receptors (PubMed:35150743). The use of NRP1/NRP2 receptors may explain the tropism of the virus in human olfactory epithelial cells, which express these

molecules at high levels but ACE2 at low levels (PubMed:33082293). The stalk domain of S contains three hinges, giving the head unexpected orientational freedom (PubMed:32817270).

Cellular Location

Virion membrane {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:32979942}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF 04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}. Host endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment membrane {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:34504087}; Single- pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF 04099}. Host cell membrane {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF 04099, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:34504087}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF 04099}. Note=Accumulates in the endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment, where it participates in virus particle assembly. Some S oligomers are transported to the host plasma membrane, where they may mediate cell-cell fusion (PubMed:34504087). An average of 26 +/-15 S trimers are found randomly distributed at the surface of the virion (PubMed:32979942) {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF 04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32979942, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:34504087}

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.