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KD-Validated Anti-RAD51 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI1092

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	Q06609
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	23GB 2275
Calculated MW	36966
Gene Name	RAD51
Aliases	RAD51; RAD51 Recombinase; RAD51A; BRCC5; FANCR; RECA; BRCA1/BRCA2-Containing Complex, Subunit 5; DNA Repair Protein RAD51 Homolog 1; RAD51 Homolog A; HsT16930; HsRad51; HRAD51; RAD51 Homolog (RecA Homolog, E. Coli) (S. Cerevisiae); RAD51 (S. Cerevisiae) Homolog (E Coli RecA Homolog); RAD51 Homolog (S. Cerevisiae); RecA, E. Coli, Homolog Of; Recombination Protein A; RecA-Like Protein; HST16930; HSRAD51; HsRAD51; MRMV2
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Rad51

Additional Information

Gene ID	5888
Other Names	DNA repair protein RAD51 homolog 1, HsRAD51, hRAD51, RAD51 homolog A, RAD51 (HGNC:9817), RAD51A, RECA

Protein Information

Name	RAD51 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8358431, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:9817}
Function	Homologous DNA recombinase that catalyzes strand exchange, a key step in DNA repair through homologous recombination (HR) (PubMed:12205100, PubMed:12442171, PubMed:15937124, PubMed:17515904, PubMed:17515903, PubMed:18417535, PubMed:19303847, PubMed:20231364, PubMed:20348101, PubMed:22325354, PubMed:23509288, PubMed:23754376, PubMed:24141787, PubMed:26681308, PubMed:27941124, PubMed:28575658, PubMed:32640219, PubMed:37499663, PubMed:38509361, PubMed:7988572). Binds to single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) in an ATP-dependent manner to form nucleoprotein filaments which are essential for the homology search and strand exchange (PubMed:12205100, PubMed:15937124, PubMed:17515904, PubMed:17515903, PubMed:18417535, PubMed:19303847, PubMed:15226506, PubMed:20231364, PubMed:20348101, PubMed:23509288,

PubMed:23754376, PubMed:26681308, PubMed:28575658, PubMed:37499663, PubMed:39636933, PubMed:41166468, PubMed:38509361, PubMed:7988572). Catalyzes the recognition of homology and strand exchange between homologous DNA partners to form a joint molecule between a processed DNA break and the repair template (PubMed:12205100, PubMed:18417535, PubMed:19303847, PubMed:20231364, PubMed:20348101, PubMed:23509288, PubMed:23754376, PubMed:26681308, PubMed:28575658, PubMed:38459011). RAD51 targeting to ssDNA promotes removal of replication protein-A (RPA) from ssDNA and stabilization of RAD51-ssDNA filaments by blocking ATP hydrolysis (PubMed:20729859). Nucleosomal DNA is peeled from the histone surface by the RAD51 filament (PubMed:38509361). Recruited to resolve stalled replication forks during replication stress (PubMed:27797818, PubMed:31844045). Also required for homologous recombination during meiosis by acting as an non-catalytic accessory factor for DMC1 recombinase, enabling proper chromosome pairing and crossing over (By similarity). Plays a role in regulating mitochondrial DNA copy number under conditions of oxidative stress in the presence of RAD51C and XRCC3 (PubMed:20413593). Also involved in interstrand cross-link repair (PubMed:26253028).

Cellular Location

Chromosome. Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Mitochondrion matrix. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Note=Colocalizes with RAD51AP1 and RPA2 to multiple nuclear foci upon induction of DNA damage (PubMed:20154705). DNA damage induces an increase in nuclear levels (PubMed:20154705). Together with FIGNL1, redistributed in discrete nuclear DNA damage-induced foci after ionizing radiation (IR) or camptothecin (CPT) treatment (PubMed:23754376). Accumulated at sites of DNA damage in a SPIDR- dependent manner (PubMed:23509288). Recruited at sites of DNA damage in a MCM9-MCM8-dependent manner (PubMed:23401855). Recruited at sites of DNA damage following interaction with TOPBP1 in S-phase (PubMed:26811421). Colocalizes with ERCC5/XPG to nuclear foci in S phase (PubMed:26833090). Recruited to stalled replication forks during replication stress by the TONSL-MMS22L complex, as well as ATAD5 and WDR48 in an ATR-dependent manner (PubMed:27797818, PubMed:31844045). In germ cells, during meiotic prcess, binds single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) away from the break site (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q08297, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20154705, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23401855, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23509288, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23754376, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26811421, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26833090, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27797818, ECO:0000269|PubMed:31844045}

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in testis and thymus, followed by small intestine, placenta, colon, pancreas and ovary (PubMed:18417535) Weakly expressed in breast (PubMed:18417535)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.