

KD-Validated Anti-VAMP8 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # AGI1109

Product Information

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	Q9BV40
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	25GB590
Calculated MW	11438
Gene Name	VAMP8
Aliases	VAMP8; Vesicle Associated Membrane Protein 8; VAMP-8; EDB; Vesicle-Associated Membrane Protein 8; Endobrevin; Vesicle-Associated Membrane Protein 8 (Endobrevin)
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human VAMP8

Additional Information

Gene ID	8673
Other Names	Vesicle-associated membrane protein 8, VAMP-8, Endobrevin, EDB, VAMP8 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:12130530}

Protein Information

Name	VAMP8 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:12130530, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:12647}
Function	SNAREs (soluble N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor-attachment protein receptors) are essential proteins for intracellular membrane fusion. SNAREs localized on opposing membranes assemble to form a trans-SNARE complex, an extended, parallel four-helix bundle whose assembly releases energy that drives membrane fusion. The core SNARE complex typically consists of four alpha-helical domains, three from target membrane SNAREs (t-SNAREs) and one from a vesicle SNARE (v-SNARE) (PubMed: 23217709 , PubMed: 25686604 , PubMed: 28265073). VAMP8 is a v-SNARE that forms a SNARE complex with the t-SNARE STX11 and SNAP23. This SNARE complex plays a critical role in the regulated exocytosis of cytotoxic granules by natural killer (NK) cells and cytotoxic T- lymphocytes (PubMed: 28265073). VAMP8 plays a role in autophagy where it controls organelle-organelle membrane fusion through a VAMP8, SNAP29 and STX17 SNARE complex that mediates the fusion of autophagosome and lysosome membranes (PubMed: 23217709 , PubMed: 25686604). VAMP8 is required for dense-granule secretion in platelets (PubMed: 12130530). Also plays a role in regulated enzyme secretion in pancreatic acinar cells (By similarity). Involved in the abscission of the

midbody during cell division, which leads to completely separate daughter cells (By similarity). Involved in the homotypic fusion of early and late endosomes (By similarity). Also participates in the activation of type I interferon antiviral response through a TRIM6-dependent mechanism (PubMed:[31694946](#)).

Cellular Location

Lysosome membrane; Single-pass type IV membrane protein. Early endosome membrane; Single-pass type IV membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Single-pass type IV membrane protein. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70404}; Single-pass type IV membrane protein. Zymogen granule membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70404}; Single-pass type IV membrane protein. Note=Perinuclear vesicular structures of the early and late endosomes, coated pits, and trans-Golgi (By similarity) Sub-tight junctional domain in retinal pigment epithelium cells Midbody region during cytokinesis. Luminal oriented, apical membranes of nephric tubular cell (By similarity). Cycles through the apical but not through the basolateral plasma membrane (By similarity). Apical region of acinar cells; in zymogen granule membranes (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WUF4}

Tissue Location

Platelets..

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