10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

KD-Validated Anti-HSPA5 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI1243

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	P11021
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	23GB 2445
Calculated MW	72333
Gene Name	HSPA5
Aliases	HSPA5; Heat Shock Protein Family A (Hsp70) Member 5; GRP78; Heat Shock 70kDa Protein 5 (Glucose-Regulated Protein, 78kDa); Immunoglobulin Heavy Chain-Binding Protein; Heat Shock Protein 70 Family Protein 5; Heat Shock Protein Family A Member 5; Endoplasmic Reticulum Chaperone BiP; Glucose-Regulated Protein, 78kDa; 78 KDa Glucose-Regulated Protein; Binding-Immunoglobulin Protein; HSP70 Family Protein 5; BiP; BIP; Heat Shock 70kD Protein 5 (Glucose-Regulated Protein, 78kD); Endoplasmic Reticulum Lumenal Ca(2+)-Binding; Protein Grp78; Epididymis Secretory Sperm Binding Protein Li 89n; EC 3.6.4.10; HEL-S-89n; GRP-78
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human GRP78 BiP

Additional Information

Gene ID	3309
Other Names	Endoplasmic reticulum chaperone BiP, 3.6.4.10, 78 kDa glucose-regulated protein, GRP-78, Binding-immunoglobulin protein {ECO:0000303|Ref.4}, BiP {ECO:0000303|Ref.4}, Heat shock protein 70 family protein 5, HSP70 family protein 5, Heat shock protein family A member 5 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:5238}, Immunoglobulin heavy chain-binding protein {ECO:0000303|Ref.4}, HSPA5 (HGNC:5238)

Protein Information

Name	HSPA5 (HGNC:5238)
Function	Endoplasmic reticulum chaperone that plays a key role in protein folding and quality control in the endoplasmic reticulum lumen (PubMed:2294010, PubMed:23769672, PubMed:23990668, PubMed:28332555). Involved in the correct folding of proteins and degradation of misfolded proteins via its interaction with DNAJC10/ERdj5, probably to facilitate the release of DNAJC10/ERdj5 from its substrate (By similarity). Acts as a key repressor of the EIF2AK3/PERK and ERN1/IRE1- mediated unfolded protein response (UPR) (PubMed:11907036, PubMed:1550958, PubMed:19538957,

PubMed:36739529). In the unstressed endoplasmic reticulum, recruited by DNAJB9/ERdj4 to the luminal region of ERN1/IRE1, leading to disrupt the dimerization of ERN1/IRE1, thereby inactivating ERN1/IRE1 (By similarity). Also binds and inactivates EIF2AK3/PERK in unstressed cells (PubMed:11907036). Accumulation of misfolded protein in the endoplasmic reticulum causes release of HSPA5/BiP from ERN1/IRE1 and EIF2AK3/PERK, allowing their homodimerization and subsequent activation (PubMed:11907036). Plays an auxiliary role in post-translational transport of small presecretory proteins across endoplasmic reticulum (ER). May function as an allosteric modulator for SEC61 channel-forming translocon complex, likely cooperating with SEC62 to enable the productive insertion of these precursors into SEC61 channel. Appears to specifically regulate translocation of precursors having inhibitory residues in their mature region that weaken channel gating. May also play a role in apoptosis and cell proliferation (PubMed:26045166).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Melanosome. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P20029}. Cell surface Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:12643545). Localizes to the cell surface of epithelial cells in response to high levels of free iron (PubMed:20484814, PubMed:24355926, PubMed:27159390)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.