

KD-Validated Anti-MLKL Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # AGI1258

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	Q8NB16
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	23GB 2935
Calculated MW	54479
Gene Name	MLKL
Aliases	Mixed Lineage Kinase Domain-Like Protein; FLJ34389; HMLKL; Mixed Lineage Kinase Domain-Like
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human MLKL

Additional Information

Gene ID	197259
Other Names	Mixed lineage kinase domain-like protein, hMLKL, MLKL {ECO:0000303 PubMed:22265413, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:26617}

Protein Information

Name	MLKL {ECO:0000303 PubMed:22265413, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:26617}
Function	Pseudokinase that plays a key role in TNF-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). Does not have protein kinase activity (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). Activated following phosphorylation by RIPK3, leading to homotrimerization, localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane damage (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). In addition to TNF-induced necroptosis, necroptosis can also take place in the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection: following activation by ZBP1, MLKL is phosphorylated by RIPK3 in the nucleus, triggering disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol. following ZBP1 activation, which senses double-stranded Z-RNA structures, nuclear RIPK3 catalyzes phosphorylation and activation of MLKL, promoting disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol (By similarity). Binds to highly phosphorylated inositol phosphates such as inositolhexakisphosphate (InsP6) which is essential for its necroptotic function (PubMed:29883610).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9D2Y4}.
Note=Localizes to the cytoplasm and translocates to the plasma membrane on necroptosis induction (PubMed:24316671). Localizes to the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection (By similarity)
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9D2Y4, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24316671}

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