

KD-Validated Anti-IKBKB Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # AGI1311

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	O14920
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	25GB2895
Calculated MW	86564
Gene Name	IKBKB
Aliases	IKBKB; Inhibitor Of Nuclear Factor Kappa B Kinase Subunit Beta; IKK-Beta; NFKB1KB; IKK2; IKKB; Inhibitor Of Kappa Light Polypeptide Gene Enhancer In B-Cells, Kinase Beta; Inhibitor Of Nuclear Factor Kappa-B Kinase Subunit Beta; Nuclear Factor NF-Kappa-B Inhibitor Kinase Beta; Serine/Threonine Protein Kinase IKBKB; I-Kappa-B-Kinase Beta; I-Kappa-B Kinase 2; EC 2.7.11.10; IKK-2; Nuclear Factor Kappa B Kinase Subunit Beta; EC 2.7.11.1; EC 2.7.11; IMD15A; IMD15B; IMD15; IKK-B; IkBKB
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human IKK beta

Additional Information

Gene ID	3551
Other Names	Inhibitor of nuclear factor kappa-B kinase subunit beta, I-kappa-B-kinase beta, IKK-B, IKK-beta, IkBKB, 2.7.11.10, I-kappa-B kinase 2, IKK-2, IKK2, Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B inhibitor kinase beta, NFKB1KB, Serine/threonine protein kinase IKBKB, 2.7.11.1, IKBKB, IKKB

Protein Information

Name	IKBKB
Synonyms	IKKB
Function	Serine kinase that plays an essential role in the NF-kappa-B signaling pathway which is activated by multiple stimuli such as inflammatory cytokines, bacterial or viral products, DNA damages or other cellular stresses (PubMed: 20434986 , PubMed: 20797629 , PubMed: 21138416 , PubMed: 30337470 , PubMed: 9346484). Acts as a part of the canonical IKK complex in the conventional pathway of NF-kappa-B activation (PubMed: 9346484). Phosphorylates inhibitors of NF-kappa-B on 2 critical serine residues (PubMed: 20434986 , PubMed: 20797629 , PubMed: 21138416 , PubMed: 9346484). These modifications allow polyubiquitination of the inhibitors and subsequent degradation by the proteasome

(PubMed:[20434986](#), PubMed:[20797629](#), PubMed:[21138416](#), PubMed:[9346484](#)). In turn, free NF-kappa-B is translocated into the nucleus and activates the transcription of hundreds of genes involved in immune response, growth control, or protection against apoptosis (PubMed:[20434986](#), PubMed:[20797629](#), PubMed:[21138416](#), PubMed:[9346484](#)). In addition to the NF-kappa-B inhibitors, phosphorylates several other components of the signaling pathway including NEMO/IKBKG, NF-kappa-B subunits RELA and NFkB1, as well as IKK-related kinases TBK1 and IKBKE (PubMed:[11297557](#), PubMed:[14673179](#), PubMed:[20410276](#), PubMed:[21138416](#)). IKK-related kinase phosphorylations may prevent the overproduction of inflammatory mediators since they exert a negative regulation on canonical IKKs (PubMed:[11297557](#), PubMed:[20410276](#), PubMed:[21138416](#)). Phosphorylates FOXO3, mediating the TNF-dependent inactivation of this pro-apoptotic transcription factor (PubMed:[15084260](#)). Also phosphorylates other substrates including NAA10, NCOA3, BCL10 and IRS1 (PubMed:[17213322](#), PubMed:[19716809](#)). Phosphorylates RIPK1 at 'Ser-25' which represses its kinase activity and consequently prevents TNF- mediated RIPK1-dependent cell death (By similarity). Phosphorylates the C-terminus of IRF5, stimulating IRF5 homodimerization and translocation into the nucleus (PubMed:[25326418](#)). Following bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-induced TLR4 endocytosis, phosphorylates STAT1 at 'Thr-749' which restricts interferon signaling and anti-inflammatory responses and promotes innate inflammatory responses (PubMed:[38621137](#)). IKBKB-mediated phosphorylation of STAT1 at 'Thr-749' promotes binding of STAT1 to the ARID5A promoter, resulting in transcriptional activation of ARID5A and subsequent ARID5A-mediated stabilization of IL6 (PubMed:[32209697](#)). It also promotes binding of STAT1 to the IL12B promoter and activation of IL12B transcription (PubMed:[32209697](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane raft. Note=Colocalized with DPP4 in membrane rafts.

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis and peripheral blood

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