

KD-Validated Anti-Phospho-Cdk2 (Y15) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI1340

Product Information

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	P24941
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	23GB3600
Calculated MW	33930
Gene Name	CDK2
Aliases	CDK2; Cyclin Dependent Kinase 2; Cell Division Protein Kinase 2; Cyclin-Dependent Kinase 2; P33 Protein Kinase; EC 2.7.11.22; CDKN2; Cdc2-Related Protein Kinase; P33(CDK2); EC 2.7.11
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide of human Phospho-Cdk2 (Y15)

Additional Information

Gene ID	1017
Other Names	Cyclin-dependent kinase 2, 2.7.11.22, Cell division protein kinase 2, p33 protein kinase, CDK2, CDKN2

Protein Information

Name	CDK2
Synonyms	CDKN2
Function	Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in the control of the cell cycle; essential for meiosis, but dispensable for mitosis (PubMed: 10499802 , PubMed: 10884347 , PubMed: 10995386 , PubMed: 10995387 , PubMed: 11051553 , PubMed: 11113184 , PubMed: 12944431 , PubMed: 15800615 , PubMed: 17495531 , PubMed: 19966300 , PubMed: 20935635 , PubMed: 21262353 , PubMed: 21596315 , PubMed: 28216226 , PubMed: 28666995). Phosphorylates CABLES1, CTNNB1, CDK2AP2, ERCC6, NBN, USP37, p53/TP53, NPM1, CDK7, RB1, BRCA2, MYC, NPAT, SUV39H1, EZH2 (PubMed: 10499802 , PubMed: 10995386 , PubMed: 10995387 , PubMed: 11051553 , PubMed: 11113184 , PubMed: 12944431 , PubMed: 15800615 , PubMed: 19966300 , PubMed: 20935635 , PubMed: 21262353 , PubMed: 21596315 , PubMed: 24728993 , PubMed: 28216226). Triggers duplication of centrosomes and DNA (PubMed: 11051553). Acts at the G1-S transition to promote the E2F

transcriptional program and the initiation of DNA synthesis, and modulates G2 progression; controls the timing of entry into mitosis/meiosis by controlling the subsequent activation of cyclin B/CDK1 by phosphorylation, and coordinates the activation of cyclin B/CDK1 at the centrosome and in the nucleus (PubMed:[18372919](#), PubMed:[19238148](#), PubMed:[19561645](#)). Crucial role in orchestrating a fine balance between cellular proliferation, cell death, and DNA repair in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:[18372919](#), PubMed:[19238148](#), PubMed:[19561645](#)). Activated by the CDK-activating kinase (CAK) complex consisting of CDK7, cyclin-H/CCNH and MAT1, which is a master regulator of CDK activity (PubMed:[41100585](#)). Activity of CDK2 is maximal during S phase and G2; activated by interaction with cyclin E during the early stages of DNA synthesis to permit G1-S transition, and subsequently activated by cyclin A2 (cyclin A1 in germ cells) during the late stages of DNA replication to drive the transition from S phase to mitosis, the G2 phase (PubMed:[18372919](#), PubMed:[19238148](#), PubMed:[19561645](#)). EZH2 phosphorylation promotes H3K27me3 maintenance and epigenetic gene silencing (PubMed:[20935635](#)). Cyclin E/CDK2 prevents oxidative stress-mediated Ras-induced senescence by phosphorylating MYC (PubMed:[19966300](#)). Involved in G1-S phase DNA damage checkpoint that prevents cells with damaged DNA from initiating mitosis; regulates homologous recombination-dependent repair by phosphorylating BRCA2, this phosphorylation is low in S phase when recombination is active, but increases as cells progress towards mitosis (PubMed:[15800615](#), PubMed:[20195506](#), PubMed:[21319273](#)). In response to DNA damage, double-strand break repair by homologous recombination a reduction of CDK2-mediated BRCA2 phosphorylation (PubMed:[15800615](#)). Involved in regulation of telomere repair by mediating phosphorylation of NBN (PubMed:[28216226](#)). Phosphorylation of RB1 disturbs its interaction with E2F1 (PubMed:[10499802](#)). NPM1 phosphorylation by cyclin E/CDK2 promotes its dissociates from unduplicated centrosomes, thus initiating centrosome duplication (PubMed:[11051553](#)). Cyclin E/CDK2-mediated phosphorylation of NPAT at G1-S transition and until prophase stimulates the NPAT-mediated activation of histone gene transcription during S phase (PubMed:[10995386](#), PubMed:[10995387](#)). Required for vitamin D-mediated growth inhibition by being itself inactivated (PubMed:[20147522](#)). Involved in the nitric oxide- (NO) mediated signaling in a nitrosylation/activation-dependent manner (PubMed:[20079829](#)). USP37 is activated by phosphorylation and thus triggers G1-S transition (PubMed:[21596315](#)). CTNNB1 phosphorylation regulates insulin internalization (PubMed:[21262353](#)). Phosphorylates FOXP3 and negatively regulates its transcriptional activity and protein stability (By similarity). Phosphorylates ERCC6 which is essential for its chromatin remodeling activity at DNA double-strand breaks (PubMed:[29203878](#)). Acts as a regulator of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase/protein kinase B signal transduction by mediating phosphorylation of the C-terminus of protein kinase B (PKB/AKT1 and PKB/AKT2), promoting its activation (PubMed:[24670654](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Nucleus, Cajal body. Cytoplasm. Endosome Note=Localized at the centrosomes in late G2 phase after separation of the centrosomes but before the start of prophase. Nuclear-cytoplasmic trafficking is mediated during the inhibition by 1,25-(OH)₂D(3)

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