

KD-Validated Anti-Replication protein A1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # AGI1488

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	P27694
Reactivity	Rat, Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	23GB4885
Calculated MW	68138
Gene Name	RPA1
Aliases	RPA1; Replication Protein A1; REPA1; RPA70; HSSB; RF-A; RP-A; Replication Protein A 70 kDa DNA-Binding Subunit; Single-Stranded DNA-Binding Protein; Replication Factor A Protein 1; Replication Protein A1, 70kDa; RF-A Protein 1; RP-A P70; Replication Protein A1 (70kD); PFBMFT6; MSTP075; MST075
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human RPA 70

Additional Information

Gene ID	6117
Other Names	Replication protein A 70 kDa DNA-binding subunit, RP-A p70, Replication factor A protein 1, RF-A protein 1, Single-stranded DNA-binding protein, Replication protein A 70 kDa DNA-binding subunit, N-terminally processed, RPA1, REPA1, RPA70

Protein Information

Name	RPA1
Synonyms	REPA1, RPA70
Function	As part of the heterotrimeric replication protein A complex (RPA/RP-A), binds and stabilizes single-stranded DNA intermediates that form during DNA replication or upon DNA stress. It prevents their reannealing and in parallel, recruits and activates different proteins and complexes involved in DNA metabolism (PubMed: 17596542 , PubMed: 27723717 , PubMed: 27723720). Thereby, it plays an essential role both in DNA replication and the cellular response to DNA damage (PubMed: 9430682). In the cellular response to DNA damage, the RPA complex controls DNA repair and DNA damage checkpoint activation. Through recruitment of ATRIP activates the ATR kinase a master regulator of the DNA damage response (PubMed: 24332808). It is required for the recruitment of the DNA double-strand break repair factors RAD51 and

RAD52 to chromatin in response to DNA damage (PubMed:[17765923](#)). Also recruits to sites of DNA damage proteins like XPA and XPG that are involved in nucleotide excision repair and is required for this mechanism of DNA repair (PubMed:[7697716](#)). Also plays a role in base excision repair (BER) probably through interaction with UNG (PubMed:[9765279](#)). Also recruits SMARCAL1/HARP, which is involved in replication fork restart, to sites of DNA damage. Plays a role in telomere maintenance (PubMed:[17959650](#), PubMed:[34767620](#)). As part of the alternative replication protein A complex, aRPA, binds single-stranded DNA and probably plays a role in DNA repair. Compared to the RPA2- containing, canonical RPA complex, may not support chromosomal DNA replication and cell cycle progression through S-phase. The aRPA may not promote efficient priming by DNA polymerase alpha but could support DNA synthesis by polymerase delta in presence of PCNA and replication factor C (RFC), the dual incision/excision reaction of nucleotide excision repair and RAD51-dependent strand exchange (PubMed:[19996105](#)). RPA stimulates 5'-3' helicase activity of the BRIP1/FANCI (PubMed:[17596542](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body. Note=Enriched in PML bodies in cells displaying alternative lengthening of their telomeres

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