

KD-Validated Anti-PRMT5 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # AGI1630

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	O14744
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	24GB845
Calculated MW	72684
Gene Name	PRMT5
Aliases	Protein Arginine Methyltransferase 5; SKB1Hs; HRMT1L5; SKB1; Histone-Arginine N-Methyltransferase PRMT5; Protein Arginine N-Methyltransferase 5; Shk1 Kinase-Binding Protein 1 Homolog; 72 KDa ICln-Binding Protein; Jak-Binding Protein 1; SKB1 Homolog; IBP72; JBP1; HMT1 HnRNP Methyltransferase-Like 5; Skb1 (S. Pombe) Homolog; SKB1 Homolog (S. Pombe); EC 2.1.1.320; HSL7
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human PRMT5

Additional Information

Gene ID	10419
Other Names	Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5, PRMT5, 2.1.1.320, 72 kDa ICln-binding protein, Histone-arginine N-methyltransferase PRMT5, Jak-binding protein 1, Shk1 kinase-binding protein 1 homolog, SKB1 homolog, SKB1Hs, Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5, N-terminally processed, PRMT5, HRMT1L5, IBP72, JBP1, SKB1

Protein Information

Name	PRMT5
Synonyms	HRMT1L5, IBP72, JBP1, SKB1
Function	Arginine methyltransferase that can both catalyze the formation of omega-N monomethylarginine (MMA) and symmetrical dimethylarginine (sDMA), with a preference for the formation of MMA (PubMed: 10531356 , PubMed: 11152681 , PubMed: 11747828 , PubMed: 12411503 , PubMed: 15737618 , PubMed: 17709427 , PubMed: 20159986 , PubMed: 20810653 , PubMed: 21081503 , PubMed: 21258366 , PubMed: 21917714 , PubMed: 22269951). Specifically mediates the symmetrical dimethylation of arginine residues in the small nuclear ribonucleoproteins Sm D1 (SNRPD1) and Sm D3 (SNRPD3); such methylation being required for the assembly and biogenesis of snRNP core particles (PubMed: 11747828 , PubMed: 12411503 ,

PubMed:[17709427](#)). Methylates SUPT5H and may regulate its transcriptional elongation properties (PubMed:[12718890](#)). May methylate the N-terminal region of MBD2 (PubMed:[16428440](#)). Mono- and dimethylates arginine residues of myelin basic protein (MBP) in vitro. May play a role in cytokine-activated transduction pathways. Negatively regulates cyclin E1 promoter activity and cellular proliferation. Methylates histone H2A and H4 'Arg-3' during germ cell development (By similarity). Methylates histone H3 'Arg-8', which may repress transcription (By similarity). Methylates the Piwi proteins (PIWIL1, PIWIL2 and PIWIL4), methylation of Piwi proteins being required for the interaction with Tudor domain-containing proteins and subsequent localization to the meiotic nuage (By similarity). Methylates RPS10. Attenuates EGF signaling through the MAPK1/MAPK3 pathway acting at 2 levels. First, monomethylates EGFR; this enhances EGFR 'Tyr-1197' phosphorylation and PTPN6 recruitment, eventually leading to reduced SOS1 phosphorylation (PubMed:[21258366](#), PubMed:[21917714](#)). Second, methylates RAF1 and probably BRAF, hence destabilizing these 2 signaling proteins and reducing their catalytic activity (PubMed:[21917714](#)). Required for induction of E-selectin and VCAM-1, on the endothelial cells surface at sites of inflammation. Methylates HOXA9 (PubMed:[22269951](#)). Methylates and regulates SRGAP2 which is involved in cell migration and differentiation (PubMed:[20810653](#)). Acts as a transcriptional corepressor in CRY1-mediated repression of the core circadian component PER1 by regulating the H4R3 dimethylation at the PER1 promoter (By similarity). Methylates GM130/GOLGA2, regulating Golgi ribbon formation (PubMed:[20421892](#)). Methylates H4R3 in genes involved in glioblastomagenesis in a CHTOP- and/or TET1-dependent manner (PubMed:[25284789](#)). Symmetrically methylates POLR2A, a modification that allows the recruitment to POLR2A of proteins including SMN1/SMN2 and SETX. This is required for resolving RNA-DNA hybrids created by RNA polymerase II, that form R-loop in transcription terminal regions, an important step in proper transcription termination (PubMed:[26700805](#)). Along with LYAR, binds the promoter of gamma-globin HBG1/HBG2 and represses its expression (PubMed:[25092918](#)). Symmetrically methylates NCL (PubMed:[21081503](#)). Methylates p53/TP53; methylation might possibly affect p53/TP53 target gene specificity (PubMed:[19011621](#)). Involved in spliceosome maturation and mRNA splicing in prophase I spermatocytes through the catalysis of the symmetrical arginine dimethylation of SNRNPB (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein- associated protein) and the interaction with tudor domain-containing protein TDRD6 (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Chromosome. Golgi apparatus. Note=Localizes to promoter regions of target genes on chromosomes (PubMed:[33376131](#)). Localizes to methylated chromatin (PubMed:[16428440](#)).

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous..

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