

KO-Validated Anti-GAPDH Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Mouse monoclonal antibody

Catalog # AGI2424

Product Information

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	P04406
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse IgG
Clone Names	24GB7870
Calculated MW	36053
Gene Name	GAPDH
Aliases	GAPDH; Glyceraldehyde-3-Phosphate Dehydrogenase; GAPD; Peptidyl-Cysteine S-Nitrosylase GAPDH; EC 1.2.1.12; Epididymis Secretory Sperm Binding Protein Li 162eP; Oct1 Coactivator In S Phase, 38 Kd Component; Aging-Associated Gene 9 Protein; OCAS, P38 Component; HEL-S-162eP; EC 2.6.99.-; EC 1.2.1; G3PD
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human GAPDH

Additional Information

Gene ID	2597
Other Names	Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, GAPDH, 1.2.1.12, Peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylase GAPDH, 2.6.99.-, GAPDH {ECO:0000303 PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:4141}

Protein Information

Name	GAPDH {ECO:0000303 PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:4141}
Function	Catalyzes the conversion of D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate in glycolysis and the reverse reaction in gluconeogenesis (PubMed: 11724794 , PubMed: 3170585). Also shows nitrosylase activity, thereby playing a role in nuclear functions (PubMed: 11724794 , PubMed: 3170585). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1- dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed: 23071094). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed: 23071094). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B

activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (PubMed:[23332158](#), PubMed:[27387501](#)). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis (By similarity). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions (PubMed:12829261) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12829261}

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