

# IgG (Immunoglobulin Gamma Heavy Chain) (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone IG217 + IG266 ]  
Catalog # AH10501

## Product Information

Application	IF, FC, IHC-P
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P01857</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">3500 (IGHG1)</a> , <a href="#">3501 (IGHG2)</a> , <a href="#">3502 (IGHG3)</a> , <a href="#">3503 (IGHG4)</a> , <a href="#">510635</a> , <a href="#">P01859</a> , <a href="#">P01860</a> , <a href="#">P01861</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG1 + IgG2a, kappa
Clone Names	IG217 + IG266
Calculated MW	43912

## Additional Information

Other Names	Ig gamma-1 chain C region, IGHG1
Application Note	IF~~1:50~200 FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~N/A
Format	200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Storage	Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.
Precautions	IgG (Immunoglobulin Gamma Heavy Chain) (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

Name	IGHG1 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:11340299, ECO:0000303   Ref.13}
Function	Constant region of immunoglobulin heavy chains. Immunoglobulins, also known as antibodies, are membrane-bound or secreted glycoproteins produced by B lymphocytes. In the recognition phase of humoral immunity, the membrane-bound immunoglobulins serve as receptors which, upon binding of a specific antigen, trigger the clonal expansion and differentiation of B lymphocytes into immunoglobulins- secreting plasma cells. Secreted immunoglobulins mediate the effector phase of humoral immunity, which results in the elimination of bound antigens (PubMed: <a href="#">20176268</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">22158414</a> ). The antigen binding site is formed by the variable

domain of one heavy chain, together with that of its associated light chain. Thus, each immunoglobulin has two antigen binding sites with remarkable affinity for a particular antigen. The variable domains are assembled by a process called V-(D)-J rearrangement and can then be subjected to somatic hypermutations which, after exposure to antigen and selection, allow affinity maturation for a particular antigen (PubMed:[17576170](#), PubMed:[20176268](#)). Mediates IgG effector functions on monocytes triggering ADCC of virus-infected cells.

**Cellular Location** [Isoform 1]: Secreted

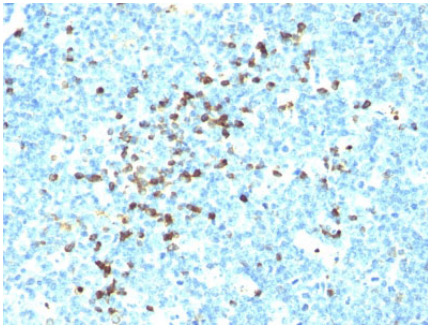
## Background

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This MAb is specific to heavy chain of IgG and shows minimal cross-reaction with heavy chains of other immunoglobulins. It is reactive with all subclasses of  $\gamma$  heavy chain (IgG1, IgG2a, IgG2b, IgG3). The most common feature of plasmacytomas, and certain non-Hodgkin  $\gamma$  lymphomas is the restricted expression of a single heavy chain class. Demonstration of clonality in lymphoid infiltrates indicates that the infiltrate is clonal and therefore malignant. Ab-3 is superb for staining of formalin-fixed tissues.

## Images

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Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with IgG Monoclonal Antibody (IG217 + IG266)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.