

# CD6 Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM547 ] Catalog # AH10850

## **Product Information**

Application	IF, FC, IHC-P
Primary Accession	<u>P30203</u>
Other Accession	<u>923, 744366</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG1
Clone Names	SPM547
Calculated MW	71801

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID	923
Other Names	T-cell differentiation antigen CD6, T12, TP120, CD6, CD6
Application Note	IF~~1:50~200 FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~N/A
Format	200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Storage	Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.
Precautions	CD6 Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name	CD6 ( <u>HGNC:1691</u> )
Function	Cell adhesion molecule that mediates cell-cell contacts and regulates T-cell responses via its interaction with ALCAM/CD166 (PubMed: <u>15048703</u> , PubMed: <u>15294938</u> , PubMed: <u>16352806</u> , PubMed: <u>16914752</u> , PubMed: <u>24584089</u> , PubMed: <u>24945728</u> ). Contributes to signaling cascades triggered by activation of the TCR/CD3 complex (PubMed: <u>24584089</u> ). Functions as a costimulatory molecule; promotes T-cell activation and proliferation (PubMed: <u>15294938</u> , PubMed: <u>16352806</u> , PubMed: <u>16352806</u> , PubMed: <u>16914752</u> ). Contributes to the formation and maturation of the immunological synapse (PubMed: <u>15294938</u> , PubMed: <u>16352806</u> ). Functions as a calcium- dependent pattern receptor that binds and aggregates both Gram-positive and

	Gram-negative bacteria. Binds both lipopolysaccharide (LPS) from Gram-negative bacteria and lipoteichoic acid from Gram-positive bacteria (PubMed: <u>17601777</u> ). LPS binding leads to the activation of signaling cascades and down-stream MAP kinases (PubMed: <u>17601777</u> ). Mediates activation of the inflammatory response and the secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines in response to LPS (PubMed: <u>17601777</u> ).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Detected at the immunological synapse, i.e, at the contact zone between antigen-presenting dendritic cells and T-cells (PubMed:15294938, PubMed:16352806). Colocalizes with the TCR/CD3 complex at the immunological synapse (PubMed:15294938)
Tissue Location	Detected on thymocytes (PubMed:15294938). Detected on peripheral blood T-cells (PubMed:15048703, PubMed:16352806) Detected on natural killer (NK) cells (PubMed:16352806). Soluble CD6 is detected in blood serum (at protein level) (PubMed:17601777). Detected in spleen, thymus, appendix, lymph node and peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:9013954). Expressed by thymocytes, mature T-cells, a subset of B-cells known as B-1 cells, and by some cells in the brain

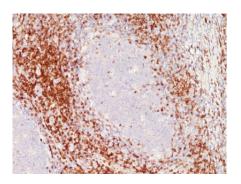
## Background

CD6 is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that contains a 24-amino acid signal sequence, three extracellular Escavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domains, a membrane-spanning domain and a 44-amino acid cytoplasmic domain. The CD6 glycoprotein is tyrosine phosphorylated during TCR-mediated T cell activation. CD6 shows significant homology to CD5. CD6 is present on mature thymocytes, peripheral T cells and a subset of B cells. Antibodies to CD6 are used to deplete T cells from bone marrow transplants to prevent graft versus host disease.

#### References

Bazil, V et. al. 1989. Monoclonal antibodies against human leucocyte antigens. III. Antibodies against CD45R, CD6, CD44 and two newly described broadly expressed glycoproteins MEM-53 and MEM-102. Folia. Biol. 35:289-297

#### Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with CD6 Monoclonal Antibody (SPM547).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.