



# CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone HNK-1 or Leu-7] Catalog # AH11296

#### **Product Information**

ApplicationIHC, IFPrimary AccessionQ9P2W7Other Accession27087, 381050ReactivityHumanHostMouse

Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype Mouse / IgM, kappa
Clone Names HNK-1 or Leu-7

Calculated MW 38256

#### Additional Information

**Gene ID** 27087

Other Names Galactosylgalactosylxylosylprotein 3-beta-glucuronosyltransferase 1,

2.4.1.135, Beta-1, 3-glucuronyltransferase 1, Glucuronosyltransferase P, GlcAT-P, UDP-GlcUA:glycoprotein beta-1, 3-glucuronyltransferase, GlcUAT-P,

B3GAT1, GLCATP

**Application Note** IHC~~1:100~500 IF~~1:50~200

**Storage** Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

**Precautions** CD57 / B3GAT1 (Natural Killer Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is

for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name B3GAT1 ( HGNC:921)

**Synonyms** GLCATP

**Function** Involved in the biosynthesis of L2/HNK-1 carbohydrate epitope on

glycoproteins. Can also play a role in glycosaminoglycan biosynthesis.
Substrates include asialo-orosomucoid (ASOR), asialo- fetuin, and

asialo-neural cell adhesion molecule. Requires sphingomyelin for activity:

stearoyl-sphingomyelin was the most effective, followed by

palmitoyl-sphingomyelin and lignoceroyl- sphingomyelin. Activity was demonstrated only for sphingomyelin with a saturated fatty acid and not for that with an unsaturated fatty acid, regardless of the length of the acyl group.

**Cellular Location** [Isoform 1]: Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O35789};

Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O35789}.

Secreted {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O35789}

**Tissue Location** Mainly expressed in the brain.

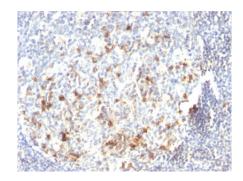
## **Background**

Anti-CD57 marks a subset of lymphocytes known as natural killer (NK) cells. Follicular center cell lymphomas often contain many NK cells within the neoplastic follicles. Anti-CD57 also stains neuroendocrine cells and their derived tumors, including carcinoid tumor and medulloblastoma. Anti-CD57 can also be useful in separating type B3 thymoma from thymic carcinoma when combined with a panel that includes antibodies against GLUT1, CD5, and CEA.

### References

Abo T et. al. J Immunol, 1982, 129(4):1758-61. | Abo T et al. J Immunology, 1982, 129:1752-7

## **Images**



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with CD57 Monoclonal Antibody (HNK-1).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.