



# Complement 4d (C4d) (Acute Humoral Rejection Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone TDM16] Catalog # AH12463

### **Product Information**

Application IF, E
Primary Accession POCOL4

Other Accession 720, 721, 534847, 720022, POCOL5

Reactivity
Host
Mouse
Clonality
Monoclonal
Isotype
Mouse / IgG1
Clone Names
TDM16
Calculated MW
192785

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 720;721

Other Names Complement C4-A, Acidic complement C4, C3 and PZP-like

alpha-2-macroglobulin domain-containing protein 2, Complement C4 beta chain, Complement C4-A alpha chain, C4a anaphylatoxin, C4b-A, C4d-A,

Complement C4 gamma chain, C4A, CO4, CPAMD2

**Application Note** IF~~1:50~200 E~~N/A

**Storage** Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions Complement 4d (C4d) (Acute Humoral Rejection Marker) Antibody - With

BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name C4A {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:6546707, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:1323}

**Function** Precursor of non-enzymatic components of the classical, lectin and GZMK

complement pathways, which consist in a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that strengthens the

adaptive immune system.

**Cellular Location** Secreted. Synapse Cell projection, axon. Cell projection, dendrite

[Complement C4b-A]: Secreted. Cell surface. Note=Covalently associated with

the surface of pathogens: the internal thioester bond reacts with

carbohydrate antigens on the target surface to form amide or ester bonds.

#### **Tissue Location**

Complement component C4 is expressed at highest levels in the liver, at moderate levels in the adrenal cortex, adrenal medulla, thyroid gland, and the kidney, and at lowest levels in the heart, ovary, small intestine, thymus, pancreas and spleen (PubMed:11367523). The extra-hepatic sites of expression may be important for the local protection and inflammatory response (PubMed:11367523).

## **Background**

This MAb is specific to Complement 4d (C4d) and it reacts with the secreted as well as cell-bound C4d. IC4d is a degradation product of the activated complement factor C4b. Complement 4b is typically activated by binding of Abs to specific target molecules. Following activation and degradation of the C4 molecule, thio-ester groups are exposed, which allow transient, covalent binding of the degradation product Complement 4d to endothelial cell surfaces and extracellular matrix components of vascular basement membranes near the sites of C4 activation. The presence of C4d in peritubular capillaries is a key indicator for acute humoral (i.e. antibody-mediated) rejection of kidney, heart, pancreas and lung allografts. As an established marker of antibody-mediated acute renal allograft rejection and its proclivity for endothelium, this component can be detected in peritubular capillaries in chronic renal allograft rejection as well as hyperacute rejection, acute vascular rejection, acute cellular rejection, and borderline rejection. It has been shown to be a significant predictor of transplant kidney graft survival. Anti-C4d, combined with anti-C3d, can be utilized as a tool for diagnosis of allograft rejection that may warrant a prompt and aggressive anti-rejection treatment.

### References

Collins AB et. al. J Am Soc Nephrol. 1999;10(10):2208-14. | Racusen LC et. al. Am J Transplant. 2003;3(6):708-14. | Sacks SH et. al. Curr Opin Nephrol Hypertens. 2002;11(6):627-8

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