

CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone IGEL/773] Catalog # AH12662

Product Information

ApplicationIHC, IF, FCPrimary AccessionP11836Other Accession931, 712553ReactivityHumanHostMouseClonalityMonoclonal

Isotype Mouse / IgG2a, kappa

Clone Names IGEL/773 Calculated MW 33077

Additional Information

Gene ID 931

Other Names B-lymphocyte antigen CD20, B-lymphocyte surface antigen B1, Bp35,

Leukocyte surface antigen Leu-16, Membrane-spanning 4-domains subfamily

A member 1, CD20, MS4A1, CD20

Application Note IHC~~1:100~500 IF~~1:50~200 FC~~1:10~50

Storage Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research

use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name MS4A1

Synonyms CD20

Function B-lymphocyte-specific membrane protein that plays a role in the regulation

of cellular calcium influx necessary for the development, differentiation, and

activation of B-lymphocytes (PubMed:<u>12920111</u>, PubMed:<u>3925015</u>, PubMed:<u>7684739</u>). Functions as a store-operated calcium (SOC) channel component promoting calcium influx after activation by the B-cell receptor/BCR (PubMed:<u>12920111</u>, PubMed:<u>18474602</u>, PubMed:<u>7684739</u>).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor.

Note=Constitutively associated with membrane rafts.

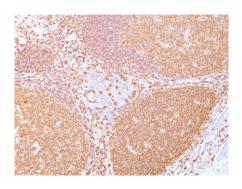
Background

Recognizes a protein of 30-33kDa, which is identified as CD20. It is a non-Ig differentiation antigen of B-cells and its expression is restricted to normal and neoplastic B-cells, being absent from all other leukocytes and tissues. CD20 is expressed by pre B-cells and persists during all stages of B-cell maturation but is lost upon terminal differentiation into plasma cells. This MAb can be used for immunophenotyping of leukemia and malignant cells, B lymphocyte detection in peripheral blood and B cell localization in tissues. It reacts with the majority of B-cells present in peripheral blood and lymphoid tissues and their derived lymphomas. In lymphoid tissue, germinal center blasts and B-immunoblasts are particularly reactive. It is a reliable antibody for ascribing a B-cell phenotype in known lymphoid tissues. Rarely, CD20-positive T-cell lymphomas have been reported. Reactivity has also been noted with Reed-Sternberg cells in cases of Hodgkin s disease, particularly of lymphocyte predominant type.

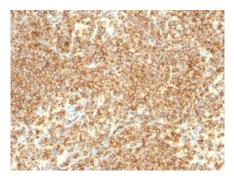
References

Tedder, T.F., et al. 1994. CD20: a regulator of cell-cycle progression of B lymphocytes. Immunol. Today 15: 450-454

Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with CD20 Monoclonal Antibody (IGEL/773)



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Lymphoma stained with CD20 Monoclonal Antibody (IGEL/773)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.