

# CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone 93-1B3] Catalog # AH12669

### **Product Information**

ApplicationIHC, FCPrimary AccessionP11836Other Accession931, 712553ReactivityHumanHostMouseClonalityMonoclonal

**Isotype** Mouse / IgG1, kappa

Clone Names 93-1B3
Calculated MW 33077

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 931

Other Names B-lymphocyte antigen CD20, B-lymphocyte surface antigen B1, Bp35,

Leukocyte surface antigen Leu-16, Membrane-spanning 4-domains subfamily

A member 1, CD20, MS4A1, CD20

**Application Note** IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50

**Storage** Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research

use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name MS4A1

Synonyms CD20

**Function** B-lymphocyte-specific membrane protein that plays a role in the regulation

of cellular calcium influx necessary for the development, differentiation, and

activation of B-lymphocytes (PubMed:<u>12920111</u>, PubMed:<u>3925015</u>, PubMed:<u>7684739</u>). Functions as a store-operated calcium (SOC) channel component promoting calcium influx after activation by the B-cell receptor/BCR (PubMed:<u>12920111</u>, PubMed:<u>18474602</u>, PubMed:<u>7684739</u>).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor.

Note=Constitutively associated with membrane rafts.

## **Background**

Recognizes a protein of 30-33kDa, which is identified as CD20 (Workshop V; Code CD20.4). It is a non-Ig differentiation antigen of B-cells and its expression is restricted to normal and neoplastic B-cells, being absent from all other leukocytes and tissues. CD20 is expressed by pre B-cells and persists during all stages of B-cell maturation but is lost upon terminal differentiation into plasma cells. The protein passes through the membrane 4 times with both ends in cytoplasm and exposes one short and one longer loop to the external environment. CD20 is not glycosylated in resting B-cells and its cytoplasmic domains are differentially phosphorylated upon activation. It acts as calcium channel involved in B cell activation and cell cycle progression.

#### References

Cobbold, S. Et al., In leucocyte typing III (ed. McMichael A.J. et al.), Oxford University Press, 1987

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.