



CD48 (Pan Leukocyte Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone 5-4.8] Catalog # AH12758

Product Information

ApplicationIF, FCPrimary AccessionP09326Other Accession962, 243564ReactivityHumanHostMouseClonalityMonoclonal

Isotype Mouse / IgG2a, kappa

Clone Names 5-4.8 Calculated MW 27683

Additional Information

Gene ID 962

Other Names CD48 antigen, B-lymphocyte activation marker BLAST-1, BCM1 surface

antigen, Leukocyte antigen MEM-102, SLAM family member 2, SLAMF2, Signaling lymphocytic activation molecule 2, TCT.1, CD48, CD48, BCM1,

BLAST1

Application Note IF~~1:50~200 FC~~1:10~50

Storage Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions CD48 (Pan Leukocyte Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research

use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CD48

Synonyms BCM1, BLAST1

Function Glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored cell surface glycoprotein that

interacts via its N-terminal immunoglobulin domain with cell surface receptors including CD244/2B4 or CD2 to regulate immune cell function and activation (PubMed:12007789, PubMed:19494291, PubMed:27249817, PubMed:9841922). Participates in T-cell signaling transduction by associating with CD2 and efficiently bringing the Src family protein kinase LCK and LAT to

the TCR/CD3 complex (PubMed:<u>19494291</u>). In turn, promotes LCK

phosphorylation and subsequent activation (PubMed: 12007789). Induces the

phosphorylation of the cytoplasmic immunoreceptortyrosine switch motifs (ITSMs) of CD244 initiating a series of signaling events that leads to the generation of the immunological synapse and the directed release of cytolytic granules containing perforin and granzymes by T-lymphocytes and NK- cells (PubMed:27249817).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. Membrane raft. Secreted

Tissue Location Widely expressed on all hematopoietic cells.

Background

Reacts with human CD48, a 45kDa glycosyl phophatidyl-inositol (GPI)-anchored cell surface protein. CD48 is strongly expressed on lymphocytes and monocytes and weakly on granulocytes but is absent on platelets, fibroblasts, epithelium and endothelium. CD48 is one of the markers for detecting the defects of GPI anchoring structure on the patients with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobulinuria (PNH) and serves as a low affinity ligand for CD2.

References

Vaughan HA et al. The isolation of cDNA clones for CD48. Immunogenetics 1991, 33(2):113-117. | Vaughan HA et al. Hu Ly-M3--a human leukocyte antigen. Transplantation 1983, 36(4):446-450

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.