

Anti-Cytokeratin 6 (KRT6) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AH13343

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IF, FC
Primary Accession	P02538
Other Accession	700779 , 3854-KRT6B , 286887-KRT6C , P04259-KRT6B , P48668-KRT6C
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG2a, kappa
Clone Names	KRT6/1702
Calculated MW	60045

Additional Information

Gene ID	3853
Other Names	CK6A, CK6B, CK6C, CK6D, CK6E, Keratin Type II Cytoskeletal 6A, Keratin Type II Cytoskeletal 6B, Keratin Type II Cytoskeletal 6C, Keratin Type II Cytoskeletal 6D, Keratin Type II Cytoskeletal 6E, KRT6, KRT6A, KRT6B, KRT6C, KRT6D, KRT6E
Application Note	Flow Cytometry (0.5-1ug/million cells); ,Immunofluorescence (0.5-1ug/ml); ,Immunohistology (Formalin-fixed) (0.1-0.2ug/ml for 30 min at RT),(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes),Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.
Format	200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Storage	Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.
Precautions	Anti-Cytokeratin 6 (KRT6) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	KRT6A
Synonyms	K6A, KRT6D
Function	Epidermis-specific type I keratin involved in wound healing. Involved in the activation of follicular keratinocytes after wounding, while it does not play a

major role in keratinocyte proliferation or migration. Participates in the regulation of epithelial migration by inhibiting the activity of SRC during wound repair.

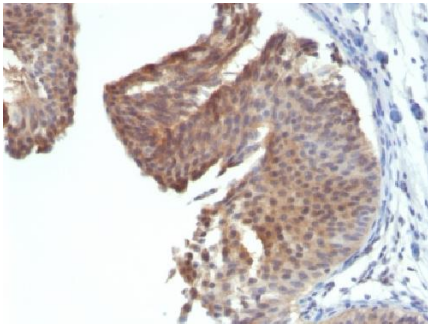
Tissue Location

Expressed in the corneal epithelium (at protein level).

Background

This MAb recognizes a protein of 56kDa, identified as cytokeratin 6 (CK6). In humans, multiple isoforms of Cytokeratin 6 (6A-6F), encoded by several highly homologous genes, have distinct tissue expression patterns, and Cytokeratin 6A is the dominant form in epithelial tissue. The gene encoding human Cytokeratin 6A maps to chromosome 12q13, and mutations in this gene are linked to several inheritable hair and skin pathologies. Keratins 6 and 16 are expressed in keratinocytes, which are undergoing rapid turnover in the suprabasal region (also known as hyper-proliferation-related keratins). Keratin 6 is found in hair follicles, suprabasal cells of a variety of internal stratified epithelia, in epidermis, in both normal and hyper-proliferative situations. Epidermal injury results in activation of keratinocytes, which express CK6 and CK16. CK6 is strongly expressed in about 75% of head and neck squamous cell carcinomas. Expression of CK6 is particularly associated with differentiation.

Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Bladder Carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 6 Monoclonal Antibody (KRT6/1702)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.