

Anti-MRP1 / ABCC1 Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AH13403

Product Information

Application WB, IF, FC **Primary Accession** P33527 **Other Accession** 391464 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal Isotype Mouse / IgG2a **Clone Names** MRP1/1344 Calculated MW 171591

Additional Information

Gene ID 4363

Other Names ABC29; ABCC1; ATP binding cassette sub family C (CFTR/MRP) member 1;

ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 1; GSX; Leukotriene C(4) transporter; LTC4 transporter; Multidrug resistance-associated protein 1

(MRP1)

Application Note Flow Cytometry (0.5-1ug/million cells); ,Immunofluorescence (0.5-1ug/ml);

,Western Blotting (0.5-1ug/ml) ,Optimal dilution for a specific application

should be determined.

Format 200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G.

Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available

WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions Anti-MRP1 / ABCC1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name ABCC1 (HGNC:51)

Synonyms MRP, MRP1

Function Mediates export of organic anions and drugs from the cytoplasm

(PubMed: 10064732, PubMed: 11114332, PubMed: 16230346,

PubMed: <u>7961706</u>, PubMed: <u>9281595</u>). Mediates ATP-dependent transport of

glutathione and glutathione conjugates, leukotriene C4, estradiol-17beta-o-glucuronide, methotrexate, antiviral drugs and other xenobiotics (PubMed: 10064732, PubMed: 11114332, PubMed: 16230346, PubMed:7961706, PubMed:9281595). Confers resistance to anticancer drugs by decreasing accumulation of drug in cells, and by mediating ATP- and GSH-dependent drug export (PubMed:9281595). Hydrolyzes ATP with low efficiency (PubMed: 16230346). Catalyzes the export of sphingosine 1-phosphate from mast cells independently of their degranulation (PubMed: 17050692). Participates in inflammatory response by allowing export of leukotriene C4 from leukotriene C4-synthesizing cells (By similarity). Mediates ATP-dependent, GSH-independent cyclic GMP-AMP (cGAMP) export (PubMed:36070769). Thus, by limiting intracellular cGAMP concentrations negatively regulates the cGAS-STING pathway (PubMed:36070769). Exports S-geranylgeranyl-glutathione (GGG) in lymphoid cells and stromal compartments of lymphoid organs. ABCC1 (via extracellular transport) with GGT5 (via GGG catabolism) establish GGG gradients within lymphoid tissues to position P2RY8-positive lymphocytes at germinal centers in lymphoid follicles and restrict their chemotactic transmigration from blood vessels to the bone marrow parenchyma (By similarity). Mediates basolateral export of GSH-conjugated R- and S-prostaglandin A2 diastereomers in polarized epithelial cells (PubMed: 9426231).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane;

Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Lung, testis and peripheral blood mononuclear cells

Background

The two members of the large family of ABC transporters known to confer multidrug resistance in human cancer cells are the MDR1 P-glycoprotein and the multidrug-resistance protein MRP1. MRP1 is an integral membrane protein that contains an MDR-like core, an N-terminal membrane-bound region and a cytoplasmic linker, and it is expressed in various cerebral cells, as well as in lung, testis and peripheral blood.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.