

# ATP7A antibody - middle region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AI10563

## Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q04656</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NM_000052</a> , <a href="#">NP_000043</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Chicken, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	163373

## Additional Information

Gene ID	538
Alias Symbol	MK, MNK, DSMAX, SMAX3
Other Names	Copper-transporting ATPase 1, 3.6.3.54, Copper pump 1, Menkes disease-associated protein, ATP7A, MC1, MNK
Target/Specificity	This antibody is will react to isoforms 1-5.
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-ATP7A antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	ATP7A antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

Name	ATP7A {ECO:0000303   PubMed:28389643, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:869}
Function	ATP-driven copper (Cu(+)) ion pump that plays an important role in intracellular copper ion homeostasis (PubMed: <a href="#">10419525</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11092760</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28389643</a> ). Within a catalytic cycle, acquires Cu(+) ion from donor protein on the cytoplasmic side of the membrane and delivers it to acceptor protein on the luminal side. The transfer of Cu(+) ion across the membrane is coupled to ATP hydrolysis and is associated with a transient phosphorylation that shifts the pump conformation from inward-facing to outward-facing state (PubMed: <a href="#">10419525</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19453293</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19917612</a> ,

PubMed:[28389643](#), PubMed:[31283225](#)). Under physiological conditions, at low cytosolic copper concentration, it is localized at the trans-Golgi network (TGN) where it transfers Cu(+) ions to cuproenzymes of the secretory pathway (PubMed:[11092760](#), PubMed:[28389643](#)). Upon elevated cytosolic copper concentrations, it relocates to the plasma membrane where it is responsible for the export of excess Cu(+) ions (PubMed:[10419525](#), PubMed:[28389643](#)). May play a dual role in neuron function and survival by regulating copper efflux and neuronal transmission at the synapse as well as by supplying Cu(+) ions to enzymes such as PAM, TYR and SOD3 (By similarity) (PubMed:[28389643](#)). In the melanosomes of pigmented cells, provides copper cofactor to TYR to form an active TYR holoenzyme for melanin biosynthesis (By similarity).

## Cellular Location

Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein Melanosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q64430}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Early endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q64430}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70705} Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70705}. Postsynaptic density {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70705}. Note=Cycles constitutively between the TGN and the plasma membrane (PubMed:9147644). Predominantly found in the TGN and relocated to the plasma membrane in response to elevated copper levels. Targeting into melanosomes is regulated by BLOC-1 complex (By similarity). In response to glutamate, translocates to neuron processes with a minor fraction at extrasynaptic sites (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70705, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q64430, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9147644} [Isoform 5]: Endoplasmic reticulum

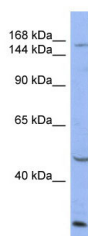
## Tissue Location

Widely expressed including in heart, brain, lung, muscle, kidney, pancreas, and to a lesser extent placenta (PubMed:8490646, PubMed:8490659). Expressed in fibroblasts, aortic smooth muscle cells, aortic endothelial cells and umbilical vein endothelial cells (at protein level) (PubMed:16371425)

## References

Zhang,L.P., (2008) Chin. Med. J. 121 (2), 175-177 Reconstitution and Storage:For short term use, store at 2-8C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

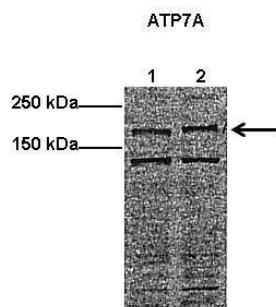
## Images



WB Suggested Anti-ATP7A Antibody Titration: .2-1 ug/ml  
ELISA Titer: 1:3125  
Positive Control: HT18 cell lysate

ATP7A is supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in HT18

Lanes:  
Lane1: 4 ug mouse endothelial fibroblast lysate  
Lane2: 4 ug human HUVEC lysate  
Primary Antibody Dilution:  
1:5  
Secondary Antibody:  
Anti-rabbit HRP



Secondary Antibody Dilution:  
1:2  
Gene Name:  
ATP7A  
Submitted by:  
Anonymous

See Immunoblot 2 Data and Customer Feedback for more information

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.