

E2F7 antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AI11261

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q6S7F2
Other Accession	NM_178609 , NP_848724
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Dog, Horse, Bovine
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Chicken, Dog, Horse, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	99535

Additional Information

Gene ID	52679
Alias Symbol	D10Ert739e, A630014C11Rik
Other Names	Transcription factor E2F7, E2F-7, E2f7
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 100 ul of distilled water. Final anti-E2F7 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	E2F7 antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	E2f7
Function	Atypical E2F transcription factor that participates in various processes such as angiogenesis, polyploidization of specialized cells and DNA damage response. Mainly acts as a transcription repressor that binds DNA independently of DP proteins and specifically recognizes the E2 recognition site 5'-TTTC[CG]CGC-3'. Directly represses transcription of classical E2F transcription factors such as E2F1. Acts as a regulator of S-phase by recognizing and binding the E2-related site 5'-TTCCCGCC-3' and mediating repression of G1/S-regulated genes. Plays a key role in polyploidization of cells in placenta and liver by regulating the endocycle, probably by repressing genes promoting cytokinesis and antagonizing action of classical E2F proteins (E2F1, E2F2 and/or E2F3). Required for placental development by promoting

polyploidization of trophoblast giant cells. Also involved in DNA damage response: up-regulated by p53/TP53 following genotoxic stress and acts as a downstream effector of p53/TP53-dependent repression by mediating repression of indirect p53/TP53 target genes involved in DNA replication. Acts as a promoter of sprouting angiogenesis, possibly by acting as a transcription activator: associates with HIF1A, recognizes and binds the VEGFA promoter, which is different from canonical E2 recognition site, and activates expression of the VEGFA gene. Acts as a negative regulator of keratinocyte differentiation.

Cellular Location

Nucleus.

Tissue Location

Widely expressed with highest levels in skin and thymus and very low levels in brain, muscle and stomach. Expressed in trophoblast giant cells throughout placenta development (at protein level).

References

de Bruin,A., et al., (2003) J. Biol. Chem. 278 (43), 42041-42049
Reconstitution and Storage: For short term use, store at 2-8C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Images



WB Suggested Anti-E2F7 Antibody Titration: 2.5µg/ml
ELISA Titer: 1:312500
Positive Control: SP2/O cell lysate

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.